The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
IN THE COLUMBIAN BUILDING NEAR THE COURT HOUSE, BY
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
Editor and Proprietor.
Terms—Two Dollars a Year, payable in advance.
JOB PRINTING
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH AT REASONABLE RATES.

The Columbian.

VOLUME III.....NO. 45. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1869. COL. DEM.—VOL. XXXIII.....NO. 38.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, (ten lines or its equivalent in nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50; three insertions, $2.00.

SPACE.	1M.	2M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One square	$2.50	$3,00	$4,00	$6,00	$10,00
Two squares	3,50	5,00	7,00	9,00	15,00
Three squares	5,00	7,00	9,00	12,00	18,00
Four squares	7,00	9,00	11,00	17,00	25,00
Quarter column	10,00	12,00	14,00	20,00	30,00
Half column	15,00	18,00	20:00	30,00	60,00
One column	20,00	30,00	40,00	60,00	100,00

Executor's or Administrator's Notice, $3.00; Auditor's or Assignee's Notice, $2.50.

Local Notices, twenty cents a line by the year ten cents.

Cards in the "Directory" column, $2.00 per year for the first two lines, and 1.00 for each additional line.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

JACOB METZ, dealer in stoves & tinware, Main st., above court house. v1-n43

A. M. RUPERT, stoves and tinware, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. v1-n43

CLOTHING, &C.

D. LOWENBERG, merchant tailor, Main st., 2d door above American house. v1-n43

WM. MORRIS, Merchant Tailor and Agent for the New Putnam Sewing Machine, corner of Centre and Main Street above Miller's Store. v3-n35.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &C.

MOYER BROS., druggists and apothecaries, Brower's block Main st. v1-n43

E. P. LUTZ, druggist and apothecary, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. v1-n43

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

HENRY ZUPPINGER, Watches, Spectacles and Jewelry &c. Main Street near West St. v3n15

LOUIS BERNHARD, watch and clock maker, near southeast corner Main and Iron sts. v1-n43

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, Main st., just below American House. v1-n43

R. CATHCART, watch and clock maker, Market st., below Main. v1-n43

BOOTS AND SHOES.

C. M. BROWN, boot and shoemaker, Main street opposite Court House. v1-n43

A. SOLLEDER, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, Main st., opposite Episcopal church v1-n43

HENRY KLEIM, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries etc., East Bloomsburg Main st. v1-n43

DAVID BETZ, boot and shoemaker, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market street. v1-n43

PROFESSIONAL.

J. B. EVANS, M. D. surgeon and physician south side Main st., below Market. v1-n43

DR. B. F. Kinney surgeon dentist, teeth extracted without pain, Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. v1-n46

J. B. M'KELVY, M. D. surgeon and physician north side Main st., below Market. v1-n43

J. G. RUTTER, M. D. surgeon and Physician, Market st., above Main. v1-n43

DR. H. C. HOWER, surgeon dentist, Main st., above court house. v1-n43

DR. Wm. M. Reber, Surgeon and Physician, Exchange Block over Webb's Book store. v3-n28

C. B. ROBINON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main Street. v2-n29

E. B. IKELER, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel." v3n1

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MRS. E. KLINE, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main Street below Market. v1n46

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Ramsey building, Main st. v1-n43

MISS A. D. WEBB, fancy goods, notions, books, stationery, Exchange block Main street. v1-n43

E. PETERMAN, millinery and fancy goods opposite Episcopal church, Main st. v1-n43

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, ladies M. cloaks and dress patterns, southeast corner Main and west st. v1-n43

MISS M. DERRICKSON, millinery and fancy goods Main st., opposite Court House. v1-n44

MRS. M. B. FURMAN, milliner, Main st., below M. Hartman's store, west of Market st. v1-45

THE MISSES HARMAN millinery and fancy goods, Main street, just below American house. v1-n44

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

J. LEACOCK, oyster and eating saloon, American House, Main st., Baltzer Leacock superintendent. v1-n45

WIDMYER & JACOBY, confectionary, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block, Main st. v1-n45

FOX & WEBB, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block v1-n43

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by Koons & Clark, Main st., opposite court house. v1-n43

AMERICAN HOUSE, by JOHN LEACOCK, Main st., west of Iron street. v1-n45

FORKS HOTEL, by G. W. MAUGER, east end of Main st. v1-n43

B. STOHNER, refreshment saloon, Main st., just above court house. v1-n43

KOONS & CLARK, refreshment saloon, Exchange hotel. v1-n43

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

P. JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc. Main st., below Iron v1-n46

S. H. MILLER, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc. Exchange block, Main street, v1-n43

MCKELVY, SEAL & CO., dealers in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., northeast corner Main and Market st. v1-n46

H. C. BROWER, hats and caps, boots and shoes, Main st., above Court House. v1-n43

C. MARR, dry goods and notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts. v1-n43

C. H. SEEHOLTZ, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots Shoes, &c., corner main and Iron streets. v3-n30.

J. BROWER, dry goods, groceries, etc., corner Main and Court House alley v1-n43

D. A. BECKLEY, Keystone shoe store, books and stationery, Main st, below Market v1-n43

WILLIAM ERASMUS, confectioneries, Main st., near the railroad. v1-n43

E. MENDENHALL, general stock of merchandise and lumber, corner of Main street and new rick road. v1-n43

J. ROBBINS, dealer in dry goods groceries etc. Shive's block, Main st., below Iron v1-n43

K. GIRTON, Groceries & Provisions, Main street below Market v1-n44

P. E. LUTZ dealer in choice dry goods, and notions. Main st., opposite court house. v1-n43

J. K. EYER, groceries and general merchandise Main st., above West. v1-n43

CRAMER & A. E. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions, Brown, south side, two doors above Brobst's wagonmaker shop. v1-n43.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JAMES CADMAN, Cabinetmaker and Chairmaker rooms on Main street. v3 n24

M. CHRISTMAN, saddle, trunk and harness maker, opposite Episcopal church Main st., v3n16

G. W. CORELL, furniture rooms, three story brick on Main st., west of Market st. v1-n43

E. T. THORNTON, wall paper, window shades, fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. v1-n43

M. ROSENSTOCK, photographer, Exchange block, Main st., opposite court house. v1-n43

W. RAMPLE & CO. Machinists, East Bloomsburg, near railroad. Castings made at short notice—machinery made and repaired. v2-n23

I. KUHN, dealer in meat tallow, etc., Chemical's alley, back of American house. v1-n43

F. BIDLEMAN, Agent Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod. v2-n19

O. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and Yaney Manufacturer, Scottown. v1-n47

BLOOMSBURG LUMBER CO., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber, of all kinds, planing mill near the rail-road. v1-n46

A. WITMAN, marble works, near southwest corner Main and Market sts. v1-n43

R. M. RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at G. W. Corell's furniture rooms v1-n43

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts. v1-n43

W. PEACOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. v1-n43

JOHN A. FUNSTON, mutual and cash rates fire insurance company, northeast corner Main and west st. v1-n43

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road v1-n47

BUCKHORN DIRECTORY.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKE, dealers in dry goods, groceries and gen'l merchandise. First store in south end of town. v2-n18.

JACOB & WM. HARRIS, dealers in dry goods, groceries, drugs and medicines. First store in north end of town. v2-n18

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, physician and surgeon Main st., next door to Good's Hotel. v1-n47

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment saloon, by Wm. Masteller cor. of Main and Pine st. v1n47

HARMAN BROTHERS, Tanners and manufacturers of leather, on Main st., below Woods' Hotel. v2-n47

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street. v1-n47

BOWER & HERRING, dealer in dry goods, groceries, lumber and general Merchandise. Main st. v1-n47

JOHN FRYMIRE, saddle and harness maker Main st., above the Swan Hotel. v1-n47

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant tailor and Gent's furnishing goods, Main St., next door to the brick hotel. v1-n47

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine. v1-n47

H. & C. KELCHNER, Blacksmiths, on Mill Street, near Pine. v1-n47

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine v1n49

LEWIS H. SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist, and Manufactuier of plows, Mill St. v1-n47

MILES A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tanners and Manufacturers of leather, Mill Street. v1-n17

B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main Street, below Pine. v1-n47

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle, Main St. v2n5.

J. M. HARMAN, saddle and harness maker Orangeville, opposite Frame church. v12n11

CATAWISSA DIRECTORY.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostebander proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street. v2-n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in stoves and tin-ware, Main Street. v2-n12

WM. H. ABBETT, attorney at law, Main Street. v2-n12

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street v2-n12

L. KEILER, billiard saloon, oysters, and ice cream in season Main Street. v2-n12

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building. v2-n18.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician, Second St., below Main. v2-n18.

J. B. KISTLER, "Catawissa House," North West Corner Main and Second Streets. v2-n18.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries &c v2-n18.

LIGHT STREET DIRECTORY.

PETER ENT, dealer in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., Light Street. v1-n45

J. TERWILLIGER, Cabinetmaker, Undertaker and Chairmaker. v1-n46

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above school house. v1-n46

J. W. SANKEY, dealer in Leather, Hides, Bark, etc. Cash paid for Hides. v1-n46

R. S. ENT, dealer in stoves and tin ware in all its branches. v1-n46

JOHN A. OMAN, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes. v1-n61.

J. J. LEISER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Office at Keller's Hotel. v2-n27

A. H. IRVINE, Medical Store Main St. and Briarcreek Road.

ESPY DIRECTORY.

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main street opposite steam Mill. v2—n4

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C. S. Fowler, Proprietor. v2-n46

B. F. REIGHARD, & BRO., dealers in dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise. v12n11

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory. v12n11

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOB
PRINTING
Neatly executed at this Office.

CHAS. G. BARKLEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in the Exchange Building, second story, ov Widmyer & Jacoby's Confectionery, Second door above the Exchange Hotel.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 1, 1869.

M. M. L'VELLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ashland, Schuylkill County, Penn'a.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office with E. H. Little, in brick building adjoining Post Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. [sep20'67.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office corner of Main and Market streets, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office—Court House Alley, below the Columbian Office. [Jan'67.

E. J. THORNTON would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a fr'l and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment. Mar. 5,'69-tf Main St. below Market.

NEEDHAM
Church, School and Parlor Organs and Melodeons of every description at reduced prices. Send for a copy of the last edition of the
"SILVER TONGUE,"
which will be mailed free to any address upon application to the oldest manufacturers of Reed Organs and Melodeons in America.
J. P. NEEDHAM & SON,
143, 145 & 147 East 23rd Street New York.
Aug. 13,'69-3m.

J. B. PURSEL,
HARNESS, SADDLE AND TRUNK MANUFACTURER,
and dealer in
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS, BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &c.
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rate than any other person in the country. Examine for yourselves.
Shop first door below the Post Office Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Nov. 15, 1867.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND Catarrh treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear, (an specialty) in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, 12 years experience,* (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 805 Arch Street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination.
Jan. 19, '68.-1yr

LADIES' FANCY FURS!
JOHN FAREIRA,
718 Arch Street, Middle of the block, between 7th and 8th Street South Side, Philadelphia. Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds and quality of
FANCY FURS FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN'S WEAR.
Having enlarged, remodeled and improved my old and favorably known FUR EMPORIUM, and having imported a very large and splendid assortment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands in Europe, and having had them made up by the most skillful workmen, I would respectfully invite my friends of Columbia and adjacent Counties, to call and examine my very large and beautiful assortment of Fancy Furs, for Ladies and Children. I am determined to sell at as low prices as any other respectable House in this city. All Furs Warranted. No misrepresentations to effect sales.
JOHN FAREIRA,
718 Arch st. Philadelphia.
oct1'69-4m.

PHILADELPHIA DIRECTORY

WILLIAM FISHER
WITH
THOMAS CARSON & CO.
WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN HOSIERY,
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
LINENS & NOTIONS,
No. 18 NORTH FOURTH STREET
PHILADELPHIA.
June 4,'69-6m

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, JR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NO. 128 SOUTH SIXTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
Oct. 22,'69-1y

JOHN STROUP & CO.,
Successors to Stroup & Brother.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH,
No. 24 North Wharves, and 25 North Water St.,
Philadelphia

SIEVES
AND
WIRE CLOTH,
MANUFACTURED BY
SELLERS BROTHERS
623 Market Street, Philadelphia.
Sept. 24,'69-3m.

G. W. BLABON & CO.,
Manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES.
Warehouse, No. 124 North Third Street
Philadelphia.

GEORGE H. ROBERTS,
Importer and Dealer in
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c.
No. 311 North Third Street, above Vine
Philadelphia.

SNYDER, HARRIS & BASSETT,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Nos. 525 Market, and 522 Commerce Street,
Philadelphia.

JOHN C. YEAGER & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, AND LADIES' FURS
No. 257 North Third Street,
Mar 19,'69-1y Philadelphia.

ESTABLISHED 1793.
JORDAN & BROTHER,
Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in
SALTPETER AND BRIMSTONE
No 246 North Third St.
Philadelphia.

I. H. WALTER,
Late Walter & Kaub,
Importer and Dealer in
CHINA, GLASS, AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 231 N. Third Street.
Philadelphia.

H. W. RANK'S
WHOLESALE TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND CIGAR WAREHOUSE.
No. 146 North Third Street,
between Cherry and Race, west side,
Philadelphia.

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,
TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGAR MANUFACTORY,
No. 313 NORTH THIRD STREET,
Second Door below Wood,
PHILADELPHIA.
J. W. WARTMAN P. ENGELMAN

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.
Orders will receive prompt attention.
May 10, 1867-1y.

C. H. HORNE. W. S. KING. J. B. SEYBERT.
HORNE, KING & SEYBERT,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
No. 421 Market Street
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders filled promptly at lowest
January 3, 1868.

Major E. E. ARTMAN. C. H. DILLINGER. M. MORY.
ARTMAN, DILLINGER & CO.,
NO. 101 NORTH THIRD ST. PHILADELPHIA
Two Doors above Arch formerly 228,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN
CARPETS, COTTONS YARNS, BATTING, OIL CLOTHS, CARPET CHAINS, CORDAGE, OIL SHADES, GRAIN BAGS, TIE YARN, WICK YARN, WINDOW PAPER, COVERLETS,
—ALSO,—
WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE
BROOMS, BRUSHES, LOOKING GLASSES, TRUNKS
Feb. 5, '69

HOTELS, &C.

FORK'S HOTEL,
GEORGE W. MAUGER, Proprietor.
The above well-known hotel has recently undergone radical changes in its internal arrangements, and its proprietor announces to his former custom and the travelling public that his accomodations for the comfort of his guests are second to none in the country. His table will always be found supplied, not only with substantial food, but with all the delicacies of the season. His wines and liquors (except that popular beverage known as "*McHenry*"), purchased direct from the importing houses, are entirely pure, and free from all poisonous drugs. He is thankful for a liberal patronage in the past, and will continue to deserve it in the future. GEORGE W. MAUGER.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
BY
BERNARD STOHNER.
HAVING lately purchased and fitted up the well-known Robison Hotel Property, located a
FEW DOORS ABOVE THE COURT HOUSE,
on the same side of the street, in the town of Bloomsburg; and having obtained a license for the same as a
RESTAURANT,
the Proprietor has determined to give to the people visiting the town on business or pleasure,
A LITTLE MORE ROOM.
His stabling also is extensive, and is fitted up to put buggies and carriages in the dry. He promises that everything about his establishment shall be conducted in an orderly and lawful manner; and he respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. 1my17'67-6m.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.
The undersigned having purchased this well-known and centrally-located house, the "Exchange Hotel, situate on MAIN STREET, in Bloomsburg immediately opposite the Columbia county Court House, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general that their house is now in order for the reception and entertainment of travellers who may be disposed to favor it with their custom. They have spared no expenses in preparing the Exchange for the entertainment of their guests neither shall there be anything wanting on their part to minister to their personal comfort. They house is spacious, and enjoys an excellent business location.
Omnibuses run at all times between the Exchange Hotel and the various railroad depots, by which travellers will be pleasantly conveyed to and from the respective stations in due time to meet the cars. KOONS & CLARK.
Bloomsburg, April 3, 1868.

Choice Poetry.

FOR THE COLUMBIAN.

A Serenade.

'Tis midnight hour—the world in sleep
Is gently borne through empty space,
Whilst I a restless vigil keep,
Still haunted by thy face.
But, Dear one, rest and dream that we
Are arm in arm in yonder grove,
Whilst I am whispering love to thee,
My simple tale of love.

'Tis midnight hour—an angel guard
Is watching o'er thy chaste repose;
Oh! make that right my dear reward,
That care on me impose.
Rest, Dear one, rest—and dream that we
Are arm in arm in yonder grove,
Whilst I am whispering low to thee,
My simple tale of love.

'Tis midnight hour—but when the beams
Of morning ope the eye of day,
Remember in thy early dreams,
The burthen of this lay.
Sleep, Dear one, sleep—and dream that we
Are arm in arm in yonder grove,
Whilst I am whispering low to thee,
My simple tale of love.

GERVAISE.

The Unfinished Prayer.

"Now I lay me,"—"say it darling."
"Lay me," lisped the tiny lips,
Of my daughter, kneeling, bending,
O'er her folded finger tips:

"Down to sleep,"—"To sleep," she murmured
And the curly head drooped low;
"I pray the Lord," I gently added,
"You can say it ALL, I know."

"Pray the Lord," the words came faintly,
Fainter still—"My soul to keep,"
And the tired head low nodded,
And the child was fast asleep.

But the dewy eyes half opened,
When I clasped her to my breast,
And the clear voice softly whispered,
"Mamma, God knows the rest."

O, the trusting sweet confiding
Of the child heart! Would that I
Thus might trust my heavenly Father,
He who hears my feeblest cry.

Miscellaneous.

THE COBBLER OF BRUSA.

A TURKISH TALE.

In the reign of Bajazet the First, there lived in Brusa, that city being then the capital of the Turkish Empire, a poor cobbler whose name was Eskigi Meimet Effendi. This worthy artizan inhabited a small house, containing but one apartment, situated at the foot of Mount Olympus. The chesnut and plane trees, with which the sides of that snow-capped mountain are covered, overshadowed his humble dwelling, and offered a cool retreat during the sultry summer days. Numerous streams and mineral springs, reflected in their translucent bosoms the lofty scenery by which they were surrounded, and gave birth to plants and flowers of brilliant hue, and aromatic odour. The shepherd, as if fearful of disturbing the crystal surface of these waters, drives his flock to some distant summit, from which he looks down at his ease upon the prospect beneath him; and the birds, whose nests are among the neighboring trees, hardly ruffle the mirror-like currents with the light dip of their wings.

It was in the midst of scenery like this that Eskigi Meimet Effendi had fixed his habitation. The routine of his life was simple and regular. Early in the morning, he would go one or two miles into the city, and bring home all the old shoes, that he could collect from his customers. *He* would then take hs bench, with his awl and lap-stone, beneath some large tree, and there work merrily at his trade. In this way, he managed daily to earn a few paras, which were barely sufficient to support himself and his family, consisting of a wife and a child. But being accustomed during the day to the beautiful sights around Mount Olympus, he could not remain content in his humble domicile at night, without having a great number of lights burning in his presence. Consequently, after purchasing a few of his indispensible necessaries of life, he would spend the remainder of his small pittance in oil.

After the prayer of sunset, which the Turks call *axam namas*, the honest cobbler would prepare his illuminations. Then, having taken his supper, he would chat with his wife, smoke his chiboque, and trum on his guitar, while his child danced to the sound. Sometimes he would sing to the full stretch of his lungs, according to the Turkish fashion. At the *iahi* or fifth prayer, which took place two hours after sunset, he would retire to bed.

In those times, the Turkish emperors, accompanied by some officer of distinction, were, often in the habit of walking in disguise, sometimes by day, and sometimes by night, so that seeing with their own eyes, and hearing with their own ears, they might truly know the wants and dispositions of their subjects, and take their measures accordingly. Now it happened that Bajazet the First, in passing the domicile of Eskigi Meimet Effendi, had often been amazed with the brilliant illuminations and the very loud songs of that patriotic cobbler. Consequently, one evening, the Sultan and his Vizier having assumed the costume of dervishes, stopped before the house, in which many lights seemed to burn, and knocked at the door. A voice from within asked, "Who is there?" The two illustrious personages of the empire replied that they were dervishes, who in the name of God, desired hospitality. Eskigi Meimet Effendi answered, by telling them to wait a few minutes, till he had found means of concealing his wife, it being, as every one knows, contrary to the customs of the Turks, to admit a man into the presence of their wives, unless he be a near relation. The poor cobbler having but one room, was puzzled how he should dispose of his better half. But being unwilling to refuse hospitality to his visiters, he thought it best to fix up the counterpane in one corner of the apartment, as a sort of screen, behind which his wife might retire. Having done this in the neatest manner he could, he opened the door to his two guests. After the *salam alekim*, or usual salute of the Turks, he placed before them a piece of bread and cheese, the remnants of his scanty supper, and a bowl of pure water. Then succeeded the nargele or hubble-bubble, a pipe of serpentine form and dimensions. The Grand Seignor, after partaking lightly of the proffered civilities of his host, asked him among other inquiries, the nature of his vocation. Eskigi Meimet Effendi replied fully to all his questions, adding, that his only pleasure after the labour of the day was over, was at night to have his house brilliantly illuminated, and to talk, dance, and sing, with his wife and child, thanking the Almighty for all that he had done and was doing, and more particularly for having placed at the head of the nation so wise and great an emperor, for whose life, continued the cobbler, "My wife and myself constantly pray, and under whose reign we hope to die."

After some farther conversation Eskigi Meimet Effendi, retired into his harem, or, more literally speaking, behind the the counterpane, and left the sofa for his two guests. At sunrise, after the *salah namas*, or prayer of the morning, the Grand Seignor and his Vizier, quitted the humble abode, where they had passed the night, for the palace. On their way, Bajazet conversed on the subject of their visit, and remarked with how little a man might be happy, alluding to the example of the cobbler, who with a few paras, hardly sufficient to purchase necessary food, had his illumination, his music, and dances, and believed, himself, the very happiest of men. "I wish," said the Vizier, "that your highness would issue orders fobidding all cobblers' shops to be open, and all cobblers to mend shoes until further notice, under the penalty of death. By this means we can make the experiment, whether the happiness of Eskigi Meimet depends upon circumstances, or whether he would retain his good spirits under a reverse of fortune." The Grand Seignor was pleased with the suggestion, and the talals or public criers were immediately sent through all the streets of the city, to proclaim, that, "By order of the sublime Porte, all cobblers' shops must be closed, and no cobbler must work at his trade, until farther notice."

Eskigi Meimet Effendi, was in the great bazar of Brusa, collecting old shoes, when he heard this proclamation. Quitting his customers, he returned home hastily to his wife, and told her the order of the day, asking, in a tone of despair what they were to do at night for their illumination! But the good woman thought it a more proper subject of inquiry, what they were to do for bread, and believed that the prospect of starvation was worse than that of being without lights during the evening.

After a brief consultation with his wife, the poor cobbler concluded the best thing he could do to obtain a little money, would be to take a basket and spade upon his shoulders, and seek employment in removing the dust from the houses and court yards of the rich. In this occasion he succeeded beyond his hopes, making twice as much money as he could by cobbling old shoes; and he returned home with more oil than usual for his illumination, together with a leg of mutton, which had been roasted in a *kiabopsi*, or cook-shop. After lighting up his house in quite a brilliant manner, he took supper with his family, and then, as usual, began to sing lustily.

The Grand Seignor, wishing to see what effect his proclamation would have upon the cobbler, that evening again assumed the disguise of a dervish, and with his Vizier, appeared at the door of Eskigi Meimet Effendi, and requested hospitality. As soon as he had taken the same precaution with respect to his wife, that he had deemed necessary the night before, the cobbler admitted his visiters into the house. The usual salutations passed between them, and the host set before them his remaining piece of muttou and bread. On being asked the news of the day, he mentioned the proclamation of the public crier, his own new employment, his increased profits, and the splendor of his illumination. The honest cobbler frankly owned that he could not exactly understand the object of the proclamation—perhaps it would soon be known—but he conjectured that his highness, the emperor, had issued the order for some political end. Much more was said respecting the events of the day, and at a late hour, the party separated and retired to rest.

The next morning, the Grand Seignor and his Vizier returned home, somewhat amused with their visit. They immediately caused to be proclaimed throughout the city. "That no person or persons should follow the occupation of a remover of dust, until further notice, under the penalty of death." Eskigi Meimet Effendi, who was at that moment entering the city with his basket and spade, as soon as he heard the criers proclaiming this new decree, ran home very much alarmed, and with tears in his eyes, made it known to his wife, exclaiming, 'What shall we do now for our illumination!" "Say, rather, what shall we do for our bread?" was the reply. At last the poor man bethought himself that he would take a basket and go up Mount Olympus to gather asparagus. The idea was a good one, and that day he made four times as much as he used to when working at his trade. He now bought thrice the usual quantity of oil, together with a number of tallow candles for his illumination. He also procured a bunch of onions, and a little fresh butter and rice to make a *pillau*. With these he returned home more contented than a king with his sceptre.

He made, that night, the most splendid illumination ever exhibited in his house, and not having candle-sticks, he placed the candles in a row over the fire place, or fixed them in the fissures in the walls. He clapped his hands with delight, when he had completed these arrangements. He had hardly finished his supper and commenced his usual singing, when the two dervishes again rapped at his door. As it is the custom of the Turks to grant hospitality to strangers for three days, he thought it his duty to admit his two importunate visiters once more. Accordingly, having again arranged the counterpane so as to form a retreat for his wife, he opened the door and his guests entered. During the conversation, which now took place, Eskigi Meimet Effendi related how he had managed, by the assistance of God, to provide for his family a good supper, much of which still remained for his friends. But his chief delight was in the magnificent illumination, which he had found means of exhibiting. He thought that even the Sultan had never had so many lights burning in his palace; and finally, he considered it pretty evident that he was the happiest mortal alive.

The Grand Seignor was pleased, but at the same time a little piqued at the cobbler's pertinacious good humor. When he arrived at his palace, the next morning, he remarked to his Vizier that some other method must be adopted, in order to effect their object, and that a man who was really determined to work, could always find employment. The Vizier replied, that he had thought of a plan, which was to give the cobbler an office, and having detained him all day in the palace, to send him home at night without any money. The Sultan approved of the plan, and immediately ordered one of his ministers to send for Eskigi Meimet Effendi, and on his arrival to invest him with the office and dignities of high sheriff, or *gelat bachi*. Messengers were accordingly despatched to fulfil this imperial command.

On being summoned to attend them to the palace, the astonished cobbler began to shake in his shoes, believing that he was about to be strangled or drowned in a sack, on some false accusation. He kissed his child, and took leave of his wife, who threw herself in wild dismay upon the sofa. As soon as he arrived at the palace, without waiting to be informed of the cause of his being brought there, he threw himself at the feet of the minister, and implored his mercy. But when the terrified suppliant was told that he had been appointed to the office of high sheriff, joy and astonishment took the place of consternation and grief. He was sent to the bath, and habited in a new and costly uniform and with a Damescus sword.

Having remained in the palace during the day, he rode home in the evening, on an Arabian horse, accompanied by a train of attendants. They left him at the door of his house, which he entered alone. He found his wife in the position in which he had seen her last, the poor woman having lost all hopes of again beholding her husband. She started up in amazement, on seeing him standing over her, habited in a rich and beautiful dress. He soon satisfied her curiosity with respect to his visit to the palace, and consoled her for all her apprehensions. But after he had finished the account of his adventures, he began to look melancholy, and said to his wife: "Alas! what shall we do to-night for our illumination? I have no money, and we have neither oil nor candles to burn." "Nor bread to eat," added his spouse.

Eskigi Meimet Effendi sat musing for some time upon the sofa. At last, striking his hand upon his knee, he exclaimed, "*I have it;*" and leaving the room, he hastened to a neighbouring carpenter, to whom he sold the blade of his Damascus sword for a considerable sum of money, on condition that he would make for him a blade of wood, to be fitted to the handle and delivered early in the morning. He accordingly left the sword with the carpenter and quitted the shop with his money. The worthy high sheriff now purchased a large quantity of oil and candles, and then turned his attention towards buying a variety of food for supper. Returning home he made a most brilliant illumination, while his wife performed the office of cook.

In a short time the Sultan and his Vizier in their customary disguise, again knocked at the door. Eskigi Meimet Effendi hesitated for some time about admitting them. He considered that he was now a high officer of the empire, and a man of rank, and ought not to receive persons of low degree into his house. But they renewed their entreaties so pressingly, that he consented to grant them hospitality for the last time. On entering, they expressed their astonishment at his new dress, and asked him how he had come by it. His reply was that the distributor of thrones and the shadow of God upon earth, his majesty the Sultan, had raised him to the office of high sheriff; and thereupon he described to them his several adventures during the day. He begged them never again to take the liberty of knocking at his door, as he was no longer a cobbler, neither a remover of dust, nor a gatherer of asparagus, but an officer of the empire, and that he must be treated accordingly. In the midst of his boasting, the Grand Seignor inquired how he had managed, without money, to still keep up his illuminations; and the ex-cobbler, notwithstanding his lofty pretensions and his determination to stand upon his dignity, could not forbear telling them how he had contrived to raise money, by selling the blade of his Damascus sword. The Grand Seignor laughed heartily at the circumstance, and they soon after separated for the night.

The Sultan and his Vizier reached the palace, at an early hour the next morning. The *mollah*, or chief judge, was immediately ordered into the imperial presence, and asked if there were any person to be executed that day. It was ascertained that there was one individual who was awaiting the punishment of death, in consequence of having indulged in some strictures upon the government. The grand Seignor intimated his will that the new high sheriff should make his maiden attempt at decapitation on the head of the prisoner. Preparations for the execution were accordingly made in a large square near the palace. A vast multitude assembled to witness the spectacle.

The sentence of death was read in the presence of the people, who on tip-toe awaited the result. The high sheriff was order to come forward and perform his duty. That respectable officer approached the trembling victim, and ordered him to kneel and lay his head upon the block. Then grasping the hilt of his sword, he uttered the following prayer in the hearing of the crowd around the platform: "O Thou, who art above all human wisdom and all human judgment, if the poor victim, whose head I am here ordered to sever from his body, be innocent, turn, I pray thee the steel of my sword, into wood, so that I may commit no injustice!"

He immediately unsheathed his blade and, to the inexpressible amazement of the spectators, it was indeed turned to wood! The people shouted with one acclaim, "a miracle!" They looked with awe and admiration upon the man, whose faith, they believed, had brought it to pass. The prisoner was rescued amid cheers and congratulations The high sheriff was borne along upon the shoulders of the multitude, into the imperial presence.

As soon as that exemplary executioner laid eyes upon his sovereign, he recognized him for one of the dervishes, who had so often visited his house of late. He immediately began to tremble violently, and fear rendered him speechless, for he knew that the Grand Seignor was well aware of the process by which his blade had been changed from steel into wood. But the Sultan soon re-assured him, and ordering him to approach nearer, he signified to him his promotion to the office of aga, or governor of a small village near the capital, with a salary of five hundred Turkish piastres.

It is superfluous to describe the satisfaction and delight of Eskigi Meimet Effendi, at this new accession of fortune. He prostrated himself before the distributor of thrones, kissing his feet, and exhibiting every mark of the most lively gratitude. On his return home, he cut so many capers and sung so vociferously, that his wife began to suspect that his intellect was unhinged. But she finally succeeded in obtaining from him a full account of his good fortune. He explained to her his intentions with respect to his future illuminations, which must have been rarely surpassed in splendour. In a few days, he departed with his family for the seat of his government. If tradition may be trusted, he ruled wisely and well, equalling, doubtless, in honesty and acuteness, even the renowned Sancho Panza.

THE PETRIFIED BODY OF A GIANT TEN FEET AND A HALF HIGH EXHUMED.—The Syracuse *Courier* says: On Saturday morning last, two men by the name of Gideon Emmons and Henry Nichols, were engaged in digging a well on the farm of Mr. Newel, about a mile and a half from Carniff, when they

News Items.

—One Paris editor has fought fifty duels.

—A nineteen ounce baby is the present wonder of Richmond.

—A "$100,000 fee" has lately been given a New York lawyer in an important case

—Commodore Vanderbilt has offered Erastus Corning, Jr., $25,000 for the trotting horse "George Palmer."

—Colonel E. C. Drake, who put down the first well in the Oil Regions recently died in a Connecticut poor house.

—There was one vote cast in the Fifteenth Ward of Philadelphia for Miss Susan B. Anthony for Governor of Pennsylvania.

—It is stated that the great fire in the Dismal Swamp, Va., will result in the formation of a lake from three to ten feet deep.

—A housebreaker in England fell dead while robbing a house. The coroners jury rendered a verdict of "died by the visitation of God."

—Some days ago a child, living near Douglassville, was so horribly mutilated by rats while its parents were asleep, that its life is despaired of,

—The biggest pumpkin in Paris weighed 300 pounds and sold for $23. How much Paris has lost by not knowing of pumpkin pies!

—A seventeen pound pike killed himself lately, by butting his head against a pier of a bridge across Slipperyrock creek, Butler county. Some fish about that.

—A porter in Cincinnati broke a heavy hatchway cover in several pieces the other day; but he had to fall down three stories and kill himself to do it.

—Carl Schurz went to the Chinese theatre in San Francisco, and complained that the music made his head ache, and that he couldn't understand the language.

—Oakey Hall says that Greeley, when a Whig, used to speak of the use of money in elections as a "pipe-laying," but that now he calls it "scrutinizing the registry."

—A negro murderer in North Carolina confessed that he had outraged his victim before killing her. He was thereupon hanged without further formality.

—Pollard says that all the important documents of the Confederacy are still concealed in the South, Jeff Davis having taken with him in his flight only such as were of no consequence.

—A man named Boss killed Dick Geer, in Jackson, Miss., a few days since, in a little difficulty about a hog, All parties were niggers, except the hog. He was quite respectable.

—They had a little fire in Chicago on the 26th, which burned out 25 firms and 18 families. As it was a small fire for that place, the loss was only $60,000, and attracted but little attention.

—Two needles, swallowed fifteen years ago by two ladies in Ironton, Ohio, have recently made their exit wi hin a few days of each other, one coming out at the bre st and the other at the shoulder-blade. Both ladies have suffered from consumptive symptoms during the fifteen years.

—"Can any boy name an animal of the order 'edenta'—that is a front-toothless animal?" A boy whose face beamed with pleasure at the prospect of a good mark, replied: "I can!" "Well what is the animal?" asked the teacher. "My grandmother?" replied the boy, with great glee.

—"Gentlemen of the jury," said an Irish barrister, "it will be for you to say whether this defendant shall be allowed to come into court with unblushing footsteps, with the cloak of hypocrisy in his mouth, and to withdraw three bullocks out of my client's pocket with impunity."

—A gentleman traveling in California encountered a panther, of which he subsequently wrote as follows: "I looked at him long enough to note his brown and glossy coat, his big glaring eyes, his broad, well-developed muzzle, and capacious jaws, when both of us left the spot and I am pleased to add, in opposite directions."

—A young woman of New Haven, Connetieut, while walking to Fair Haven recently, was followed by a young man, who, when she arrived at the bridge, stepped up and spoke to her, and attempted to put his arm around her, when she drew a revolver and fired at him two or three times, one shot just grazing his face. He fled in great haste, and the woman resumed her walk home.

—Rev. Thomas Allen, who was the first minister of the church in Pittsfield settled in 1764, was at the battle of Bennington and carried a musket. Once, when asked whether he actually killed any man at Bennington, he replied that he did not know, but observing a flash often repeated from a certain bush, and that it was generally followed by the fall of one of Stark's men, he fired that way and put the flash out!

—A young lady in Auburn, New York, refused to marry her sweetheart unless he stopped chewing tobacco. He agreed and the wedding took place in due season. Returning from the bridal tour in the cars, the other day, he pulled a roll of something from his pocket. She thought it was tobacco, and clutched it and threw it out of the window. Alas, it was a roll of money, $2500 in all, and has not been recovered.

—An incorrigible loafer, being taken to task for his laziness, replied, "I tell you gentlemen, you are mistaken. I have not a lazy bone in my body, but the fact is, I was borned tired." It was the same fellow that threw himself ruefully down under a tree one hot day, closed his eyes, and languidly murmured, "Now breathe if you want to—I'll be hanged if I will."

—A wag, having a dispute with a man who kept a sausage-shop, and owing him a grudge, ran into his store one day, as he was serving several customers, with an immense dead cat, which he quickly deposited on the counter, saying: "This makes 19; as you're busy now, we'll settle another time," and he was off in a twinkling. The customers, aghast, soon followed him, leaving their sausages behind.

—A Two Headed Girl.—One of the most curious freaks of nature the world has ever seen is a two-headed girl, which is on exhibition at Boston. Nature sometimes, in a playful or eccentric mood performs extraordinary capriees, and this is one of them. A girl, now getting on to womanhood, has one body, two heads, and four hands and legs. The double creature is happy, healthy and satisfied. We shouldn't like to be in that condition, but this African descendant having been born so appears to take her destiny felicitously. She or they dance, sing, hop, skip and jump in a way that it is equally curious and interesting.

—A young man belonging to Fort Scott recently went down to the edge of the Arkansas on business. While down there he went to a party, and while at the party danced often, and became very familiar with one of the settler's wives. Rackensack stood it as long as he could, but finally becoming enraged, he went up to the blood and said: "Look here, Mister, that is my wife you are dancing with!" "Well, what of it?" said the blood. "Why this: you dance with her again, you speak to her, you even look at her again, and I'll blow the top of your head off!" "Now, look here," said the blood, coolly, "do you see that umbrella setting thar?" "Well, 'spose I do?" "Well, you handle that umbrella, you touch that umbrella, you even look at that umbrella, and I'll ram it down your throat, and *I'll spread it!*" Rackensack "scooted."

The Columbian —AND— Bloomsburg Democrat.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING NOV. 12, 1869.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

Geary Again.

During the campaign we frequently informed our opponents what sort of a man they were supporting, but with that blind obedience to party which characterizes them, they voted for him blindly. Now that his election is secured it is admitted that he is a brainless, faithless, conceited jackanapes, and the papers which eulogized him most highly are now abusing him without stint.

Even the *Republican* which swallows every dose labeled "Radical," feels nauseated at the stomach, and after giving a synopsis of the Brewster affair, says:

"Governor Geary had a perfect right to take back that which he had intrusted to Benjamin H. Brewster, but he had no right, in justice to the high and dignified position which he filled, to do it in an underhand, disingenuous manner. We fear that he has smirched his position, that he has damaged his splendid fame as a soldier, for a true soldier is always expected to be straight forward and candid, that he has humiliated his political friends; and brought reproach upon his party. The end to be attained would never justify the employment of such means, and this end could have been reached in a fair and manly way."

Geary may be accustomed to criticism from his political opponents, but it must hurt his pride to be stabbed by his own party friends.

"So the struck eagle, stretched upon the plain,
No more through rolling clouds to soar again,
Viewed his own feather on the fatal dart,
That winged the shaft that quivered in his heart!
Keen were his pangs, but keener far to feel
He nursed the pinion which impelled the steel."

Kemble.—What will be done with William H. Kemble, late State Treasurer, now that the Attorney General has been changed. Governor Geary instructed his late Attorney General to commence proceedings against Kemble, as a defaulter to the State, and he was just about to do so, when he was removed. The people expect the new Attorney General to proceed to recover the money which the Governor says is due the State. But will he do it? We fear not, since it looks as though one of the chief motives for getting rid of the late Attorney General, was to hush up this investigation. Kemble is one of the party that had the change made, and this may have been his profit in the transaction. But their little game is spoiled by the exposure, as the Press will be sure to compel an investigation.

A National Tax on Dogs.—The Philadelphia *Press* suggests the imposition to a tax of one dollar apiece upon all the dogs in the country. The reasons for this is that the dog is a privileged animal; he eats, but does not work, and thus he is on a par with men who are possessed with capital. In one or two of the States a tax is now levied upon dogs, but its provisions are not searching, and the owners of dogs in many cases manage to shirk it. There are in the United States, it is estimated, 6,000,000 dogs. At the tax of one dollar a head, these dogs would pay the currency interest on $100,000,000 of the national debt. The cost of collection would be nothing in addition to the present machinery. Nearly five-sixths of these 6,000,000 are worthless or inferior dogs, and perhaps the half of them would be killed off, and but $3,000,000 gathered into the treasury. Still, this is a little fortune. Let us see what further good would flow from such a tax:

First. It would improve the blood of the races of dogs themselves, combing out the mongrels and curs of the low degrees.

Third. It would add to the security and wealth of the farmers, who, in almost very section, grow sheep, even if it is only one or two.

The annual loss to farmers by the destruction of sheep has been estimated at $10,000,000, and nearly a million more in injuries. All this is laid to dogs, and their ravages not only immediately injure farmers by the sheep destroyed, but tend to depress wool growing, from the uncertainty attending the enterprise in that direction.

The tax on dogs is no novelty. Great Britain has tried it with good effect, and it already exists in New England, Pennsylvania and other communities.

A Human Fiend—An Infant Burned to Death by its Nurse.—A lady from Bedford County gives us the subjoined particulars of the most atrocious and horrible crime we have ever been called upon to record. It appears that Mr. Henry Cressy, living in the Meadows of Goose Creek, in Bedford County, some short time since had the misfortune to lose his wife, who died leaving an infant child. The infant was placed under the care of Mr. John Morgan, its grandfather, and was nursed by a colored girl, aged about fifteen years. Two or three days since Mrs. Morgan had occasion to scold this girl for some delinquency, at which she showed marked signs of anger and resentment. The next day Mrs. Morgan visited a neighbor's house, a short distance off, leaving the child with the nurse. During her absence the fiendish and brutal nurse to gratify her anger against Mrs. Morgan, deliberately threw the child into the fire, and let it remain there until both of its legs were burned off above the ankle, causing its death. When Mrs. Morgan returned in a few hours, she was horrified to see the innocent little babe burned almost to a crisp, its distorted features indicating the terrible agonies it had endured. The nurse, who still remained at the house, was at once taxed with the deed but denied it bitterly, stating that the child's legs had been eaten off by a dog, while she left only for a few moments. This was wholly disproved by the plain marks of the fire, and the brute being threatened with severe punishment, finally confessed that she committed the horrible deed in the manner above stated, and assigned as her reason for it her dissatisfaction with Mrs. Morgan. She was then conveyed to Liberty and committed to jail for trial. She should have been promptly hung from the limb of the first convenient tree.—*Lynchburg (Va.,) News.*

Judge Dent is confident of being chosen Governor of Mississippi. So he will be if ballots are used, not bayonets.

Communicated.

Dedication in Mount Carmel.

Centralia, Nov. 3, 1869.

Mr. Editor:—Sunday, October 31st, was a day never to be forgotten by the Catholics of Mt. Carmel—having on that day the pleasure of seeing dedicated to Almighty God a new and commodious church, the erection of which they commenced only a few months ago.

The dedication was performed by Right Rev. J. T. Shannahan, D. D., Bishop of Harrisburg, assisted by Rev. M. Sheridan of Ashland and Rev. D. I. M'Dermott of this place. After the dedication the Litany of the Saints was read—the whole congregation participating in the responses. High Mass was then sung by Father M'Dermott. This being the first time, while he has been here, that the Rev. gentleman had occasion to bring his musical ability into requisition, and it was a matter of doubt to some whether his proficiency in this department was equal to his other acquirements, he was listened to with much interest, and it is only justice to the Rev. gentleman to say that he acquitted himself in such a masterly style as to convince the most fastidious that, so far from being neglected, it was really one of his principal fortes.

At the close of the first gospel, the Right Rev. Bishop ascended the altar, and proceeded to deliver the dedication sermon. He took his text from St. Mark, XI, 17.—"And He taught, saying to them: Is it not written: My house shall be called the house of prayer to all nations? * * * *" In the course of the sermon he spoke in high terms of the zeal manifested by Farther M'Dermott and the faithful under his charge, of which the beautiful temple he had that morning dedicated to the service of God and the more extensive one rapidly approaching completion in this borough are striking illustrations. He dwelt at length upon the necessity and power of prayer as a means of securing salvation, and do doubt made a lasting impression of his subject on the minds of many. Notwithstanding apparent efforts at adapting his language to the understanding of the most illiterate, he sometimes burst into strains of eloquence which were extremely sublime, and most productive of beautiful and appropriate comparisons. It would be a rare treat to listen to the Bishop on a subject upon which he could pour the full current of his eloquence.

The choir performed its part in quite a creditable manner, and drew from the Rt. Rev. Bishop the deserved encommium, that he rarely met, in rural districts, such proficiency in music.

In the evening Vespers were sung by Rev. D. I. M'Dermott, who also delivered a very fine sermon. After Vespers there was Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament by the Bishop.

Veritus.

Miscellaneous News.

Paris, Nov. 8.—An unknown man, while prowling about Compeigne yesterday, was taken into custody. Upon being searched he was found to be armed. He admitted that his intention was to assassinate the Emperor. He has been taken care of.

The Avondale Fund.—Scranton, Nov. 8.—H. Gaylord, treasurer of the Avondale relief fund, acknowledges through the morning *Republican* receipts to Nov. 6 of $81,237,50. The fund has been disposed of as follows: Deposited in Wilkesbarre bank on call, five per cent, interest, $19,906,90; paid to widows and orphans, $10,723 80; invested in United States bonds, $28,943 95; invested in railroad bonds, $9,000 00; balance $12,665 05 to be invested in a few days in railroad bonds.

Minnesota Election—Close Vote.—St. Pauls, Nov. 9.—The vote for Governor in this State is so close that it will require an official canvass to determine whether Austin, Republican, or Otis, Democrat, is elected.

Washington, Nov. 10.

Butterfield's Successor.

Ex-Senator Folger, of New York, has accepted the position of assistant treasurer at New York and will assume the duties of the office as soon as transfers can be made. It will take several days to count the money on hand. Several female clerks have been sent from this place to assist in counting.

Court of Claims.

The decision of the Supreme Court reversing the decision of the Court of Claims, that officers in the regular and volunteer service had a right to draw pay, rations, and clothing for two ser vants, at sixteen dollars per month each, will save the United States Treasury at least seven millions of dollars, while it will deprive claim agents of a large amount business in collecting this additional compensation.

Death of General Wool.

Troy, N. Y., Nov. 10.—Gen. Wool died at his residence in this city at half-past two o'clock this morning in the presence of his family, Hon. J. A. Griswold, and James, his colored servant, who has been with him for upwards of forty years. He died almost without a struggle. He was eighty-six years of age. The time of his funeral has not been announced.

Post Office Matters in Pennsylvania.—The following changes were to-day ordered for Pennsylvania: Mr. Stevenson, Postmaster of Dushore, Sullivan county, vice Nelson Ackley, deceased; George B. Beach, Postmaster of Colley, Sullivan county, vice Charles Schrock, resigned; John S. Suin, Postmaster of Braintwin, Wyoming county, vice Sarah J. Sturdivant resigned.

The Odd Fellows.—The Grand Lodge of the United States, I. O. of O. F., which was in session at San Francisco, adjourned on the 2d, after transac ing a large amount of business. It appears from the reports presented that the order in the United States embraces 3,446 lodges, with a membership in good standing of 268,305. During the past year 251 new l dges were established, and the increase of members was 23,359. The annual receipts aggregated $2,569,317, of which amount $817,952 was expended for the benevolent objects of the order, including the rel'ef of members and their families, the burial of the dead and the support and education of orphans. These statistics prove the order to be an immense engine for good, and the excellence of its management is shown by the further fact that it has a cash surplus of $1,751,364, from one year's operations, while its total assets r ach the enormous aggregate of $20,000,000.

Our readers must not forget that no cases on the published trial list will be tried the first week of court. Nothing but criminal cases will be tried.

Very Strange.

A MAN'S HEAD CUT OFF AND PUT ON ANOTHER MAN'S BODY!

From the Annels de la Chirurgie Etrangere.

On the 18th of April, 1808, in the prison of Ourica (Province of Minas-Geraes,) in Brazil, two men named Averio and Carines were executed at the same time. In Brazil executions take place with closed doors, in the interior of the prison. Dr. Lorenzo y Carmo of Rio Janeiro, well known by savans for his remarkable works on electricity applied to physiology, his surgical skill, and his success in autoplastic operations, obtained permission to profit by this event in order to experiment on the power of electricity, and to illustrate its analogy with some of the phenomena of life. The numerous experiments hitherto attempted have been made on the head and trunk separately. Dr. Lorenzo y Carmo's design was, if possible, to unite the head to the neck after decapitation.

The heads of the two criminal fell within a few minutes of each other into the same basket—first that of Carines, then that of Aveiro. Immediately after this second execution a compression was effected by a pupil of Dr. Lorenzo on the carotid arteries of one of the heads, so as to stop the hemorrhage. The body was then placed on a bed already prepared, and Dr. Lorenzo stuck the head as exactly as possible on the section and kept it in that position. The cells of a powerful electric pile were applied to the base of the neck and on the breast. Uunder this influence, as in former experiments, the respiratory movements were at once perceptible. As the blood which penetrated in abundance through the surface of the scar threatened to stop the passage of air, Dr. Lorenzo had recourse to tracheotomy. Respiration then ensued regularly. The head was fastened to the body by stitches and by a special apparatus. The physiologist wished to ascertain for how long a time this appearance of life could thus be artificially maintained.

His astonishment was great when he saw that at the end of two hours not only did respiration still continue under the influence of the electric current, but that circulation had even resumed a certain regularity. The pulse beat freely but sensibly. The experiment was continued without intermission. At the end of sixty-two hours it was evident to the astonishment of every one that a process of cicatrization had commenced on the lips of the section. A little later signs of life manifested themselves spontaneously in the head and limbs, till then deprived of motion. At this moment the director of the prison, arriving for the first time in the experiment room, observed that, by a singular mistake due to the haste of the operation, the head of Carines had been taken for that of Aveiro, and had been applied to the body of the latter. The experiment was continued notwithstanding. Three days later the respiratory movements reproduced themselves, and electricity was suppressed. Dr. Lorenzo y Carmo and his assistants were stupefied, frightened at a result unexpected, and at the power of an agent which, in their hands, had restored life to a body whose right to exist the law had forfeited.

The learned surgeon, who had only had in view a simple physiological experiment, employed all his skill to continue this work, which science, aided against all expectation by nature, had so singularly commenced. He assisted the process of cicatrization, which progressed under the most favorable conditions. By means of an œsophagian probe liquid nourishment was introduced into the stomach. At the end of about three months the cicatrization was complete, and motion, though still difficult, became more and more extended. At length, at the end of seven months and a half, Aveiro-Carines was able to rise and walk, feeling only a slight stiffness in the neck, and a feebleness in the limb.

Child Born in a Bar-room and Afterwards Murdered.—We are again obliged to record one of these very sad crimes which make the blood run cold in our veins and our heart's action stop in horror. A little more than two weeks ago a young couple stopped off the train at Rupert station and the lady complaining of not feeling very well went into the bar-room of the Rupert Hotel. She had been there but a few moments when suddenly she gave birth to a child. Of course they were unable to continue their journey and she was taken care of as kindly as possible by the strangers into whose hands she had fallen. One week ago to-day she had so far recovered as to be able to travel, and, in company with the gentleman who represented himself as her husband, they again started on the Catawissa R. R. towards Tamaqua. At Ringtown they left the cars. From that point they went on foot back through the country stopping at a farm house on the road and wishing to leave the babe. This being refused they went back to a place called "Hell's Hollow" and there, as was afterwards discovered the child was murdered. Suspicion was awakened by seeing the couple repass the house, where they had desired to leave the babe, without it. The parties have been arrested, and, we presume, there will be no difficulty in proving their guilt. Rumor says that father and mother were not married. It seems that they were both from England having been in this country but a short time and she only arrived a few weeks ago. They were both extremely young and good looking.—*Republican.*

Specimen Bricks.—Speaking of the late elections the *Republican* says:

"In New York the Democratic State candidates were elected by reduced majorities. The Legislature remains Republican.

In New Jersey we did as well as could be expected, electing one gh members of the Legislature probably to give us a Republican gain, though not sufficient to be a majority.

Gov. Claflin is re-elected in Massachusetts, and the Legislature is overwhelmingly Republican."

Now this kind of news may do for Radical voters, but the facts are, First, The Democratic majority in New York is nearly double that given Seymour last year, and both branches of the Legislature are Democratic.

In New Jersey the Democrats have an increased majority in the Legislature.

In Massachusetts the Radical majority has been reduced from 68,855 to 10,000, and the Democrats have more than double their former number in the Legislature.

There have been numerous deaths lately amongst the prominent men of the age. Mr. George Peabody, The Earl of Derby, several English Bishops, Gov. Wickliffe of Kentucky, President Pierce, Rear Admiral Charles Stewart and others.

MARRIAGES.

BUTLER—FOREST—At the M. E. Parsonage in Espy, on October 28th, by W. M. Memminger, Mr. Butler Edgar to Miss Gertrude Forest.

KROMER—DAVENPORT—On 24 inst., by the same, Mr. John W. Kromer, to Miss Elizabeth Davenport, both of Mainville.

CONNER—CONNER—On 4th inst, by Rev. D. J. Walker, Mr. W. S. Conner to Miss Kate Conner all of Bloomsburg.

RIMBY—DILDINE—by the same Mr. Samuel R. Rimby to Miss. Sally A. Dildine, both of Jerseytown.

DEATHS.

LOCKARD—In Briarcreek, on Thursday Oct 21st, Mr. John Lockard, aged 71 years, 8 months, and 17 days.

DOAK.—In Briarcreek, Wednesday, Oct. 27, 1869, Clara, daughter of Henry and Dorcas Doak, in her 15th year.

CHRISTIAN.—In Madison twp., on Thursday, Nov. 3d, inst. Savilla Christian, of heart disease, aged 65 years, and 7 months.

CHRISTIAN.—Valentine Christian, husband of Savilla, on Saturday Nov. 6th, 1869, of fever, aged 70 yerrs, 1 month, and 1 day.

The aged couple aboved named were ill but a short time, and as will be seen died within a few days of each other. So long had they journeyed together in this life, that death could not separate them. They leave a large circle of friends and relatives to mourn this double affliction.

Bloomsburg Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$1.25 1.40
Rye "	1 00
Corn "	1 05
Oats "	50
Flour per barrel	8 00
Cloverseed	8 00
Flaxseed	2 00
Butter	50
Eggs	30
Tallow	10
Potatoes	50
Dried Apples	2 50
Hams	20
Sides and Shoulders	21
Lard per pound	20
Hay per ton	12 00

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE PREMISES of the undersigned in Benton township, about the 1st of October, 1869, a White Hog, supposed to weigh 150 lbs. The owner will please call, prove property, pay charges, or it will otherwise be disposed of according to law.

ELI MENDENHALL.

Benton, Nov. 12, '69-tf

THE LITTLE WONDER SEWING MACHINE, PRICE, $3.

It makes the elastic lock-stitch; it sews as well as any machine in the market; a child can use it; requires no instructions; it makes no noise; it does not get out of order; it can be carried in the pocket; it makes an elegant present.

UNION SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.

Nov. 12, '69-3m. 234 Broadway, N. Y.

Agents Wanted.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Columbia, at Dec. Term 1869, for the appointment of Enoch Kester, John Hicks, Wm. Thomas, Griffin John, Abel Dailey and Abia John as Trustees for the purpose of receiving Deeds and performing all other duties pertaining to the trusteeship of the several properties belonging to the Briarcreek Society of Friends in said county.

By order of the meeting.

JOHN HICKS, Clerk.

Nov. 12, '69-3w.

A COUGH, COLD OR SORE THROAT

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Requires immediate attention, as neglect often results in an incurable Lung Disease.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES will most invariably give instant relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, they have a soothing effect.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Owing to the good reputation and popularity of the Troches, many worthless and cheap imitations are offered, which are good for nothing. Be sure to obtain the true

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Nov. 12, '69-6m.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or outcry at the Court House in Bloomsburg on Friday, in the afternoon, on Monday, Dec. 6th 1869, the following real estate to wit: a certain tract of land situate in Briarcreek twp., Columbia county, bounded and described as follows to wit: on the west and north by lands of Charles Buckman and Tobias Smith, on the east by lands of George Bower, on the south by lands of Henry Doak, containing about fifty nine acres, more or less, on which are erected two frame dwelling houses, a frame grist mill, frame stable and one brick dwelling and stone house with appurtenances. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Ephraim Evans.

ALSO

At the same time and place, a certain tract of land situate in Briarcreek twp., Columbia county bounded on the south by lands of John G. Jacoby by land of Hannah Sponenberger, on the east by lands of Stephen Thomas and Jacoby, on the south by public road leading from Berwick to Bloomsburg, on the west by the Briar Creek, on which is erected a frame grist mill, plaster mill and saw mill, a frame dwelling house, frame stable with the appurtenances. Also at the same time about three acres of ground situate in same twp., and bounded by lands of J. S. Jacoby, Daniel Rambach and the North Branch Canal. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Josiah Thomas.

ALSO

Two certain lots of ground situate in the town of Montana, Conyngham twp., Columbia county bounded on the north by third street, on the west by the boundary line of said town of Montana, on the south by lot No. 11 in Block R; on the west by Leiby Street being lot No. 12 and 13, in map or plan of said town. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Peter M. Beaver.

ALSO

At the same time and place, two lots of land situate in Germantown, Conyngham twp., Columbia county, containing fifty feet front and two hundred feet deep, bounded on the north by lot of Thomas Monroe on the west and south by lot of Patrick Agan and on the east by the Turnpike, whereon is erected a store room and dwelling house with the appurtenances. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Lawrence Casey.

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Nov. 12, '69-tf.

THE LADY'S FRIEND.

TWO MONTHS GRATIS!!!

The Lady's Friend announces the following Novelets for 1870: "Did he Forget her?" by Louise Chandler Moulton; "The Cascannons' Aunt," by Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, author of "Between Two," &c.; "Solid Silver," or "Uncle Paul's Bridal Gifts," by Amanda M. Douglas, author of "The Dreary Fortune," &c., with numerous Shorter Stories by a brilliant galaxy of lady writers.

A finely executed Steel Engraving, a handsome double-page, finely colored Fashion-Plate, and a large assortment of Wood-Cuts, illustrating the Fashions, Fancy Work, &c., are given in every number.

It will give a popular piece of Music in every number.

PORTRAITS OF DISTINGUISHED AUTHORS.—The January number will contain Portraits (engraved on steel) of Mrs. Henry Wood, Florence Percy, Louise Chandler Moulton, Elizabeth Prescott, Amanda M. Douglas, Mrs. Margaret Hosmer and August Bell.

NEW SUBSCRIBERS who send in their names for 1870 before the first of November, shall receive the Nov. number and December numbers of this year in addition, making fourteen months in all! And new subscribers sending in their names by the first of December shall receive the magnificent December Holiday number, making thirteen months in all!

TERMS.—$2.5 a year; Two copies, $4; Four copies, $8; Five copies and one gratis, $8.—One copy of The Lady's Friend and one of The Post, $4.

A copy of the large and beautiful Premium Steel Engraving—"Taking the Measure of the Wedding Ring"—engraved in England at a cost of $2500—will be sent to every full ($2.50) subscriber, and to every person sending a club. This Engraving is a gem of Art!

Address

DEACON & PETERSON,

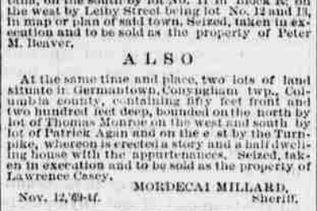
319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

☞Specimen copies sent for ten cents.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

BLACK ALPACA

NOW MANUFACTURED IN THE DOUBLE WARP



RED LION BRAND

to be found at the popular dry goods store of the undersigned where everybody buy their

SILKS,
DRESS GOODS,
FURS,
SHAWLS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
&C., &C.

and any thing that they want in the line of dry goods.

M. P. LUTZ,

MAIN STREET

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Nov. 12, '69-tf.

Legal Notices.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the Hon. William Elwell, President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Wyoming, and the Hon. Iram Derr and Charles F. Mann Associate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 16th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-nine, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and Orphan's Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 6th day of December next, to continue one week.

And whereas also the same Judges have issued their precept bearing date the 16th day of Sept. A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine and to me directed for holding an Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas in Bloomsburg in the county of Columbia on the second Monday being the 13th day of December next, and to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 6th day of Dec., with their rolls, inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 2d day of Nov., in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and in the ninety-third year of the Independence of the United States of America.

{L. S.}

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 3, 1869.

TRIAL LIST FOR DEC. TERM A. D. 1869. FIRST WEEK.

Jackson,	Abraham Martz,
Little,	D. F. Seybert,
Yocum,	vs William Davis,
Haughawaut,	vs Margaret Brahany.
Clark,	vs The West Branch In's. Co.
Little & Freeze,	vs Simon C. Shive.
Clark,	vs Edward M'Call et. al.
Freeze,	vs John Sweeney.
Whitmoyer,	vs Lavina Davenport,
Little,	vs William Klinetop.
Clark,	vs John Coleman,
Brockway,	vs Michael Cronan.
Clark & Freeze,	vs John Cooper,
Knorr,	vs Daniel Hower et. al.
Miller,	vs Isaac Fegely,
Clark,	vs James W. Sankey,
Little,	vs Abraham Young,
Freeze,	vs Jacob Woolever,
Kahler,	vs Charles R. Green,
Clark,	vs Peter Selting.
Clark,	vs Laens N. Moyer,
Whitmoyer,	vs George W. Collamer.
Brockway,	David Lewis Guardian of the heirs of John Hess dec'd.
Whitmoyer,	vs Collins Sutliff.
Little,	vs Wm. Ikeler,
Clark,	vs John Savage et. al.
Clark,	vs Henry J. Yeaple,
	vs Isaac Drum & terre tenant
	vs Henry J. Yeaple,
	vs Isaac Drum & terre tenant.
Freeze,	vs Simon C. Shive
Barkley,	vs Hannah E. Armstrong.
Clark, Freeze & Little,	vs Henry Gable
Weitmoyer,	vs Peter Hower & terre tenant,
Freeze,	vs Alsten Church
	vs Andrew Clark,
Freeze,	vs Sarah Gyle,
Barkley,	vs Wm. Mostoller, et. al.
Little,	vs John Price,
Clark,	vs Samuel Gensel,
Little,	vs Reuben H. King.
Kahler,	vs Elisha B. Pursel.
Clark,	vs Sara A. Peterman's adm'r.
Freeze,	vs Valentine Stout, et. al.
Rhodes,	vs Gideon Arndt.
Little & Freeze,	vs John U. Leiby.
Whitmoyer,	vs Robert S. Hampton
Levelle,	vs Richard Watkins.
Freeze,	vs Thomas Benfield
Ikeler,	vs Uriah Chamberlin.
Knorr,	vs A. & J. Reinoehl
Clark,	vs Lackawanna & B. R. R. Co.
Whitmoyer,	vs George W. Lott
Little,	vs Wm. Fehnyler.
Clark,	vs Monroe Hunsinger
Kahler,	vs Elisha B. Pursell.
Whitmoyer,	vs Alexander Colly
Freeze,	vs Almas Cole.
Brockway,	vs Michael Grover use.
Marr Brothers,	vs H. S. Marr.
Clark & Brockway	vs Peter Schuig,
Little,	vs Charles Lee
Knorr,	vs Jacob H. Creasy
Freeze & Abbott,	vs R. F. Dallman.
Hurley,	vs James W. Sankey, use.
Hurley,	vs Jacob Stroup.
Brockway	vs James W. Sankey use.
Baldy,	vs Alexander M'Henry.
Clark,	vs Wm. Bancock,
Knorr,	vs Charles A. Boone.
Kahler & Ikeler,	vs Wm. Marr,
Little,	vs Hughes & Ruckle.
Freeze	vs L. J. Dyke,
Knorr,	vs Peter Rose
Clark,	vs Daniel Hower, Jr.
Clark,	vs Daniel Hower, Sr.'s Admrs.
Freeze & Kahler	vs Thomas Hughes, use,
Robison,	vs Wesley Ruckel.
Clark,	vs Robinson & Co.
	vs Jacob Metz.
	George Master & Son,
	vs Samuel Brugler,
	Daniel Shumans Admr's.
	vs Mathias Alstetter, et. al.
	M. T. Howell, et. al.
	vs Mary E. Green,
	Frederick Hosler,
	vs Gideon G. Hosler, et. al.
	William A. Case,
	vs The twp. of Scott,
	John Jacobs,
	vs G. L. Johnson.

JESSE COLEMAN, Prothy.

GRAND JURORS

DECEMBER TERM, 1869.

Bloom.—Jacob S. Evans, Leonard B. Rupert, George Hasserl.

Berwick Boro'.—Charles Jackson, Hudson Owen, Brant Reck.—Josiah Thomas.

Catawissa.—Henry J. Miller, Benj. B. Fortner.

Centre.—Wm. Dennis.

Conyngham.—John L. Kline.

Fishingcreek.—Isaac Peale, James M. Dewitt, Franklin.—Jacob Kostenbander.

Greenwood.—Samuel M'Henry, Jacob Wolliver.

Hemlock.—Seth Shoemaker, John Hartman.

Locust.—Silas H. Johnson.

Mifflin.—Levi Rikendall.

Orange.—James B. Harman.

Pine.—John F. Fowler.

Sugarloaf.—James Pennington, Christian L. Moore.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

DECEMBER TERM, 1869.

FIRST WEEK.

Bloom.—Joseph Sharpless, Isaiah Hagenbuch, Chester C. Marr, James K. Eyer.

Briarcreek.—Adam Sult, Jonathan W. Eck, Andrew Fowler, Albert Smith.

Benton.—Isaac K. Kricklaum, John Appleman.

Centre.—Wm. Bower, Samuel Creveling.

Catawissa.—Moses Hartman, Lewis Metz.

Centralia.—Hosea Johnson, John Christman, John P. Harmon, Oscar B. Millard.

Fishingcreek.—Joseph C. Runyan.

Franklin.—Jacob Snyder.

Greenwood.—Johnson H. Ikeler, Wm. H. Hayman, Nelson Fries, Jonathan D. Miller, Isaac Evans.

Jackson.—John Rantz.

Locust.—Wm. Fetterman, Joseph Thomas.

Mifflin.—Samuel Sweppenheiser, Daniel M. Huntzinstine, Benjamin Yohe.

Maine.—Wm. Longenberger.

Madison.—Daniel Andy.

Pine.—Nathan Myers, Lewis Chamberlin.

Scott.—Philip T. Hartman, John Turner.

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom.—Stephen S. Breisbach, Thomas Barton Beaver.—Robert C. Beihl.

Briarcreek.—Aaron Kelchner, Peter Hayman, Wm. Brittain, Daniel Rambach.

Berwick Boro'.—Dewitt C. M'Henry, Wm. J. Knorr, Josiah B. Dodson, John W. Bowman.

Benton.—John Baker, Samuel Kricklaum, John Ashelman.

Catawissa.—Lewis Yetter,

Centre.—

The Columbian.

Bloomsburg, Pa., Friday Nov. 12, 1869.

MR. WYNKOOP contemplates building another house on Third Street.

MONDAY last was a very cold day, and put a end suddenly to our hopes of a pleasant Indian Summer.

MCKELVY & NEAL'S pair of bay horses died on Sunday last, after many years of service. Peace to their *manes*.

JAMES K. EYER will deliver an address before the Odd Fellows at this place on Saturday evening.

THE Danville, Hazleton and Wilkes-Barre railroad was formally opened to travel between Sunbury and Danville, on last Thursday.

ROBB MCHENRY'S case, which was expected to be tried this week in Pittsburg has been postponed until December.

CYRUS ROBBINS, our newly elected Commissioner, was sworn in on Monday last, and immediately entered upon the duties of his office.

JAMES MCCORMICK and Patrick Brennan were released from jail on Tuesday last by the Commissioners. They had served the time for which they had been sentenced.

IN giving the votes of the different townships last week on the Poor House question, we omitted Sugarloaf, which is as follows: For the Poor House, 66; Against 1.

WE are informed that the celebrated "Josh Billings" will lecture at this place during the winter. At different times we have published extracts from his writings, and we doubt not our friends would be pleased to hear him.

ARRANGEMENTS are now making to put additional editorial labor and attention on the new volume. Some material will be secured to enable us to print book jobs in complete and satisfactory style.

DEDICATION.—The dedication of the Odd Fellows' new Hall at Berwick, will take place on Monday the 22d inst. A dinner will also be served up on that day, and the exercises close with a grand concert in the evening.

THE editor of this journal has accepted an invitation to address the Odd Fellows at Northumberland on Thanksgiving Day, Thursday, Nov. 18th. On that day they will dedicate their new lodge.

VICTOR EMANUEL King of Italy is said to be dying; and the health of Emperor Napoleon is very precarious. We may look for much turmoil in France on the event of his death.

THE *Republican* tries to cover up its blunders by laying the blame upon *our* apprentices. Don't be foolish, Doctor. Our boys have not changed your forms, nor meddled with them in any shape. It is a convenient way our men have of shifting responsibility.

TOWNSHIP ELECTION.—The election for Justice of the Peace in this Township on Tuesday, resulted in the choice of J. J. Brower by 56 majority. There was no interest taken in the matter, only 337 votes being polled—about half our usual number.

THE *Day*, is a very sprightly little paper published in Philadelphia by Alexander Cummings. We will refer to it more at length hereafter. It has a great run just now, and will no doubt take a leading place among its contemporaries.

WANTED.—We want at this office a bright, active, intelligent boy to learn the printing trade. The applicant must have a competent knowledge of the ordinary English branches taught in our common schools. The opening is a fine one, and as there are already several applicants we shall take the most competent one. Applications must be made at once.

WE see by the *Republican* that our old friend, P. John, is being "advertised." What will be his feelings in seeing himself run impaled through the columns of the paper which *he* brought into existence and controlled for many, many years. Is it not a illustration of the fable where a dead lion was kicked by a living jackass?

A NOTICEABLE FACT.—Those of our merchants and business men who advertise liberally, in spite of the hard times are doing a thriving business. The community know where they are, and what they have to sell. On the contrary those who are afraid to invest a few dollars in this way, loll on their counters or suck their thumbs idly in front of their places of business.

WE have just returned from a trip to Philadelphia and New York where we have been purchasing new material for the COLUMBIAN. Among the additions made to our stock are several fonts of job type, and a patent paper cutter. We are also making some improvements in the present arrangement of our office, which will be completed in a few days. We are determined to keep up with the times, and have the most complete office in the interior of the State.

Our patrons should remember that these additions and improvements cost considerable money, and should be prompt in their remittances. This hint applies especially to those who are behind two and three years.

PAY OF ELECTION OFFICERS.—*Opinion of the Court.*—In the matter of the pay of election officers for the election held 12th October, 1869.

From the very brief examination of the question submitted which the time allowed us will permit, I am of the opinion:

First.—That Judges, Inspectors, and Clerk of elections are entitled to pay "for every day employed in the duties required of them by law," in conducting the elections. What that day intended is the natural day. If employed beyond the hour of midnight of the day of election, into the hours constituting the next or a part of the next day, such employment entitles them to pay for an additional day; so likewise, if necessarily employed beyond the hour of midnight of such second day. Employment for a part entitles them to pay for a whole day.

Second.—That the computation of the number of days, is not to be made under or effected by the act of 14th April, 1869, making "eight hours of labor, between the rising and setting of the sun," a legal day's work. This act is understood to relate to labor in its primary and popular sense, as mechanical, agricultural, manufacturing, mining and other occupations pursued for a subsistence, and requiring the exhausting exercise of muscular strength or bodily exertion and not to official employment, or to juries, sheriffs, election or other officers.

E. I. DANA, A. L. Judge.

CATALOGUES of the Bloomsburg State Normal School are being called for in all directions.

THE election in New York resulted in the complete triumph of the Democracy. Hon. Homer Nelson for Secretary of the State had over fifteen thousand over Sigel.

The Legislature is Democratic in both branches, and the radical plunderers are out in the cold. Obnoxious laws will be repealed and the State put upon a sound basis.

Local Notices.

For the finest kind of Musical Instruments and music call or Alstatts, Court House Alley.

AT the Mammoth Grocery a fine assortment of Hams and Shoulders, Extra Family Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Corn meal and Feed of all kinds. 3t *

WE would advise our friends who wish a first class selection of Toys and Candies to go to Eckhart Jacobs' Confectionery. He has laid in a splendid stock and one which will bear inspection. *

WANTED.—Farmers, Mechanics, Book Agents and others. Wages from $50 to $150 per month and expenses paid.

Call upon Wm. H. Curran at Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg Pa., on the 13th, 20th and 27th of November 1869. 3t *

GO THERE!—To Miller & Wolf's fine establishment where you will get the finest goods at the lowest prices. There is no place in this country where similar bargains can be obtained. For the best Dry Goods, Groceries and Furnishing Goods, Miller & Wolf's is the place. *

FRUITS—Canned and Dried of all kinds can be obtained of J. H. Maize at the Mammoth Grocery corner of Main and Iron Steets. He has also the finest stock of fresh Groceries, just received, to be found in this section of the State. Also a large assortment of Flavoring Extracts. 3t *

WE notice that our enterprising townsman M. P. Lutz, has ornamented his windows with a splendid collection of furs. His determination to please the people is commendable and is worthy of the support of the community. We are pleased to know that his trade is increasing daily. *

KEEP COMFORTABLE.—To do this you must go to Lowenberg's. He has the very styles of goods to ensure comfort. There is no man in this part of the country who possesses such really good taste in the matter of wearing apparel as David Lowenberg. We would seriously advise our friends from the country not to leave town without looking at his really splendid stock of goods. *

REMOVAL.—The undersigned would hereby inform the public generally, that he has moved his Drug and Chemical Store to his new rooms nearly opposite the old stand, where he will be happy to accommodate all, who may call on him, with good and reliable goods in his line of business. Thankful for past patronage he would ask a continuance of the same, and guarantees satisfaction to all. Main Street, west side, below the Post office.

4t * EPHRAIM P. LUTZ.

WE have received "A School History of Pennsylvania from the earliest settlements to the present time," by J. R. Sypher. This book which has been adopted by the Board of Control for the use of the Schools of Philadelphia, is written in a concise yet comprehensive manner and seems to be admirable in every respect. It will undoubtedly meet with very general adoption. Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co. Philadelphia at $1 50. For sale by A. D. Webb, Bloomsburg. 3t*

A CASE of Deafness of 14 years standing (the result of Catarrh) cured by the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.—Levi Springer, Esq. of Durban's Corners, Williams Co., O., writes, under date of January 6, 1869, that he has been using Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and says it has cured him of deafness of fourteen years standing. He was so deaf he could not hear a person talk when seated by their side, and can now hear the church bells ring two miles distant. It is sold by Druggists, or send sixty cents to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. *

Light Street Markets.

Corrected weekly by Peter Ent, wholesale and retail dealer in grain, flour & feed and general merchandize.

Wheat per bushel	$1 50
Rye " "	1 20
Corn " "	75
Corn new "	80
Buck Wheat	75
Oats	50
Wheat Flour per 100 lbs	4 00
Buck Wheat Flour	4 00
Corn and Oats Chop	2 40
Bran,	1 50
Butter per lb	50
Eggs per doz.	25
Potatoes pr bus	42
Dried Apples "	2 00
Smoked Side meat per lb	18
" Shoulder "	18
" Ham "	22
Lard " lb	22

Philadelphia Markets.

FLOUR—
Northwestern superfine at ..... $5.25@5.50
Northwestern extra ..... 6.00@6.75
Northwestern family ..... 6.75@8.50
Pennsylvania and Western superfine ..... 5.00@5.50
Pennsylvania and Western extra ..... 5.75@6.75
Pennsylvania and Western family ..... 6.50@7.00
Pennsylvania and Western fancy ..... 11.50@13.50
Rye flour $6.25
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, ₱ bus ..... $1.60@1.70
Southern " " ..... $1.60@1.70
California " " .....
" white " .....
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, ₱ bus ..... $1.40@1.45
CORN—Yellow, " $1.30
White, " ..... $1.17@$1.17
OATS—₱ bus ..... 62@63c
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, ₱ bbl $31.00
Mess Beef, " $24.00
Dressed Hogs, ₱ lb ..... 8½@9c
Smoked Hams " ..... 17@18c
Shoulders ₱ lb 13c
Lard, ₱ lb ..... 17c@20c
SEEDS—Cloverseed ₱ bus ..... $9.00@9.75
Timothyseed ₱ bus $4.25
Flaxseed $2.50
CATTLE—Best Cattle ₱ lb ..... 9c@11c
Cows, ₱ head ..... $35@$75
SHEEP—₱ lb ..... 6@7c
HOGS—₱ 100 lbs ..... $14.50@14.75

WANTED.—100 Confidential Agents to dispose of a stock of goods. None but good and reliable men wanted who can keep their mouths shut. A capital required, as a fortune of $25,000 guaranteed to a man of the right stripe. Particulars sent free. Sample of goods sent for 25 cents. Call on or address

J. P. WAFERS & CO.,
Nov. 12,'69-3m. 197 Broadway, N. Y.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.—SUMMER TIME TABLE.
THROUGH AND DIRECT ROUTE BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, HARRISBURG, WILLIAMSPORT AND THE GREAT OIL REGION OF PENNSYLVANIA.
ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS
On all Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY, Apr. 26th 1869, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia		10.45 p.m.
" " arr. at Northumberland		3.55 a.m.
" " arr. at Erie		9.30 a.m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia		11.50 m.
" " " North'd		6.50 p.m.
" " arr. at Erie		10.40 a.m.
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia		8.00 a.m.
" " " North'd		4.25 p.m.
" " arr. at Lock Haven		7.45 p.m.

EASTWARD.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Erie		11.15 a.m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia		5.50 a.m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Erie		6.25 p.m.
" " " North'd		12.30 a.m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia		4.10 p.m.

Mail and Express connects with Oil Creek and Allegheny River Rail Road. Baggage checked through.

A. J. TYLER,
General Superintendent, Williamsport.

THE KALEIDOSCOPE

"A map of busy life,
—Its fluctuations and its vast concerns."

NO. CII.

THE ÆSTHETICS OF DYING.

Death, taken in the abstract, is so unwelcome a subject to entertain that, in general, it is promptly dismissed from consideration as wholly unpleasant, but with a mental reservation, that at some indefinite future time it shall receive the attention it merits. This avoidance of a disagreeable topic has almost entirely prevented the institution of comparison, as to the merits of the various ways in which the vital spark may be extinguished; and has, consequently, ignored the sensations attendant upon each and every one of those ways. It is the design of this paper to hold up the subject, and endeavor to show—in some slight degree at least—that the dark cloud which hangs like a curtain over the final moments of life is not of equal blackness in every case; and that this, in common with the clouds of the material world, has something resembling "a silver lining."

To comparatively few men is offered the opportunity of choosing their own method of dying; but such choice is occasionally presented; and when the pains and terrors of each have been carefully contrasted with a view to such possible contingency, the final agony may oftentimes be made less dreadful. A sacred law of Nature commands us that we avoid those things which tend to injure the body, and why should not this care be extended even to our ultimate moments? The same impulse which prompts us in time of danger, to shun the harmful thing, should certainly prompt us to return our mortal frames to Him who made them, unmutilated, and unracked by agonizing pains.

To properly contemplate the evils, and what perhaps, might be called the benefits of the different methods, it is better to separate the subject into certain divisions: first, natural deaths, by disease; second, death by violence, or violent means. Further classifying this second division we may subdivide it into—violent deaths proper, and those arising from extraordinary and peculiar causes. To the first of these below hanging, drowning, poisoning in in some cases, and such as allow an interval of time for thought; to the second those unusual and outrageous dissolutions brought about by explosions, murders, railroad disasters, falls from heights, and the like. Of deaths by disease it is not the intent of this article to treat; as ample time for reflection is allowed in most cases of this kind, and no choice, save by self-destruction, is offered; which last will be touched upon hereafter. Hanging, by the universal testimony of such fortunates—or unfortunates—as have undergone the unpleasant ordeal of *sus. per coll.*, (and have afterwards been recalled to life, to offer their valuable personal experiences to the cause of science, and give comfort to such wretched beings as may hereafter follow them), has been most unnecessarily abused by those not qualified to judge: closet philosophers who have never known the pressure of the hempen rope, whatever their deserts may have been. From the testimony of these experts we deduce the following facts: The sensations, as a whole, are far from unpleasant; the choking, stifling feeling, with roaring noises and painful fullness of the head, which accompany the first tightening of the cord, are but of short duration; and are followed by a trance-like state of semi-oblivion, wherein bright rosate clouds pass and repass before the enraptured eye, outwardly closed but inwardly alive to beauty; low murmured sounds of music soothe the ear; and with senses enwrapped in voluptuous dreaminess, with no pain, no dark forbodings, the soul passes from earth to its unknown home beyond the skies. It is an end to worldly cares, which an Eastern voluptuary might covet. To the many, this death by hanging is one which creates a shuddering of dire dread and disgust; but has not the disgraceful publicity which usually attends it, and the fact of its being a punishment for crime, more to do with this aversion than the actual method itself? So far, then, as we can understand, experience has proved that this most despised of deaths yet possesses some merit of pleasurable emotion, or at all events sensations, which should commend it to humanitarians, as well as those contemplating an early demise by their own free will.

Drowning, in common with hanging, has at the outset the disagreeable choking, the roaring in the ears, and the convulsive gasping for breath. But these soon pass away; the blackness turns to varying colors, in which green of different hues predominates; the roaring becomes softer and more musical; the whole body seems imbued with an incredible lightness, and the sensation is like that of floating on air, swayed hither and thither by the softest and most caressing of zephyrs! The writer has, on two occasions, experienced these feelings; having remained under water until consciousness had entirely departed; and he can testify that, except during the first moment or two after immersion, the sensations are all pleasant—such as the devotees of opium, or hasheesh, would deem triumphantly successful. It may seem strange to say, on the other hand, that the restoration to life—or consciousness, rather—is of an exceedingly unpleasant nature; and such as will always render drowning for mere amusement, with a view to subsequent resuscitation, unpopular among the masses.

Concerning death by poisoning, but little is known as to the feelings of the victim, while under the influence of the drug. Judging from the visible symptoms, where death has not been immediate, it would seem that the nausea, convulsions, and violent pains that accompany most poisons, are too rapidly followed by the entire cessation of vitality, to allow of any of the pleasurable languor which attends death by drowning and hanging. Poisoning, as one of the fine arts, has undoubtedly fallen from the high position it held in the days of the Borgias; and the delicate and subtle mixtures of those times are lost to the science of the present. Strychnine, prussic acid, and such rapid and violent destroyers have taken the place of the fragrant philters and exquisitely flavored potions, to which the traditions of Tofana and those olden times attude. How much of pleasure to the moribund has been lost, by the disappearance of these marvels of the chemic art, it is not now possible to form even an approximate idea.

(CONTINUED.)

Special Notices.

How Hostetter's Bitters cure Dyspepsia.

THE WHOLE STORY IN A NUTSHELL.

The office of the stomach is to convert the food into a cream-like semi-fluid, called CHYME. This is effected partly by the action of a solvent, called the gastric juice, which exudes from the coating of the stomach, and partly by a mechanical movement of that organ, which churns, as it were, the dissolving aliment. The Chyme passes from the stomach into the deodenum, or entrance to the bowels, where it is subjected to the action of the bile, and the nutritious portion of it converted into a fluid called Chyle, which eventually becomes blood.

Now, it is evident that if the great solvent, the gastric juice, is not produced in sufficient quantity, or if the mechanical action of the stomach is not sufficiently brisk, the first process of digestion will be but imperfectly performed. It is also clear that if the liver, which plays such an important part in changing the nourishing portion of the chyme into the material of the blood, is congested, or in any unnatural condition, the second process will not be thoroughly accomplished. The result of the two failures is dyspepsia, complicated with biliousness.

The mode in which HOSTETTER'S BITTERS operate in such cases is this: they invigorate the cellular membrane of the stomach, which evolves the gastric juice, thereby insuring an ample sufficiency of the fluid to completely dissolve the food. They also act upon the nerves of the stomach, causing an acceleration of the mechanical movement necessary to reduce the food to a homogeneous mass. They also act specifically upon the liver, strengthening it, and so enabling it to produce an ample and regular supply of bile, for the purpose of converting the nutritious particles of the Chyme into Chyle, and promote the passage through the bowels of the useless debris.

In this way, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS cure dyspepsia and liver complaint. The explanation is plain, simple, philosophical, and true.

THE ONLY RELIABLE CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA IN THE KNOWN WORLD.

Dr. Wishart's Great American Dyspepsia Pills and Pine Tree Tar Cordial are a positive and infallible cure for dyspepsia in its most aggravated form, and no matter of how long standing. They put into action the secret alkasic of this terrible disease, and exterminate it, root and branch, forever.

They alleviate more agony and silent suffering than all the rest in full.

They are noted for curing the most desperate and hopeless cases, when every known means fail to afford relief.

No form of dyspepsia or indigestion can resist their penetrating power.

DR. WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL

It is the vital principle of the Pine Tree, obtained by a peculiar process in the distillation of the tar, by which its highest medical properties are retained. It invigorates the digestive organs and restores the appetite. It strengthens the debilitated system. It purifies and enriches the blood, and expels from the system the corruption which scrofula breeds on the lungs. It dissolves the mucus or phlegm which stops up the air passages of the lungs. Its healing principle acts upon the irritated surface of the lungs and throat, penetrating to each diseased part, relieving pain and subduing inflammation. It is the result of years of study and experiment, and it is offered to the afflicted with positive assurance of its power to cure the following diseases, if the patient has not too long delayed a resort to the means of cure:—Consumption of the Lungs, Cough, Sore Throat, and Breast, Bronchills, Liver Complaint, Bond and Bleeding Piles, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Diptheria, &c.

A medical expert, holding honorable collegiate diplomas, devotes his entire time to the examination of patients at the office parlors. Associated with him are three consulting physicians of acknowledged eminence, whose services are given to the public FREE OF CHARGE.

This opportunity is offered by no other institution in the country.

Letters from any part of the country, asking advice, will be promptly and gratuitously responded to. Where convenient, remittances should take the shape of,

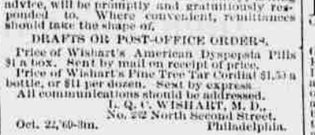
DRAFTS OR POST-OFFICE ORDERS.

Price of Wishart's American Dyspepsia Pills $1 a box. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

Price of Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial $1.50 a bottle, or $11 per dozen. Sent by express.

All communications should be addressed,

I. Q. C. WISHART, M. D.,
Oct. 22,'69-3m. No. 242 North Second street, Philadelphia.



We do not wish to inform you, reader, that Dr. Wonderful, or any other man, has discovered a drug that cures Consumption, when the lungs are half consumed, in short, will cheat all doctors whether of mind, body or estate make men live forever, and leave death to pale, or want of work, and in debted to make way for immortal sphere a blissful paradise, to which our heaven ill-self shall be but a side show. Yich ave heard enough of that Kind of humbuggery, but we do not wonder that you be very shy, as become disgusted with it. But when I tell you that Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will you for your the worst cases of Catarrh in only six days, thousands can testify to. Try it ert that will be convinced. I will pay $500 Reward for case of Catarrh that I cannot cure.

FOR SALE BY MOST DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

PRICE ONLY 50 CENTS.

Sent by mail post paid for sixty cents Four packages $2.00, or one dozen for $5.00. Send a two cent stamp for Dr. Sage's pamphlet on Catarrh. Address the Proprietor, R. V. PIERCE, M. D.'h
Oct1,'69-3m. BUFFALO, N. Y.

PIMPLES.

The undersigned will cheerfully mail (FREE) to all who wish it the Recipe and full directions for preparing and using a simple and Beautiful Vegetable Balm, that will immediately remove Pimples, Flesh Worms, Blackheads, Chapped Skin and Impurities of the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

He will also send (FREE) instructions for producing by very simple means, a luxuriant growth of Hair on a bald head or smooth face in less than thirty days from first application.

The above can be obtained by return mail by addressing JOHN. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
Aug. 6,'69-1y. P. O. Box 5126, 195 Broadway, New York.

LOOK, READ, AND LEARN,

THAT THE

Great Shoshonees Remedy!

OF THE CELEBRATED INDIAN

DR. LEWIS JOSHEPHUS,

of the distinguished Tribe of Shoshonees, Columbia Territory is now for sale in the Union.

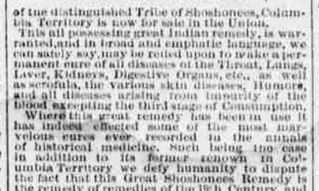
This all possessing great Indian remedy is warranted, and in broad and emphatic language, we can safely say, may be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, &c., as well as scrofula, the various skin diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood excepting in the third stage of Consumption.

When this great remedy has been in use it has indeed effected some of the most marvelous cures ever recorded in the annals of historical medicine. Such being the case in addition to its former known merits, we Columbia Territory we defy humanity to dispute the fact that this Great Shoshonees Remedy is the remedy of remedies of the 19th Century, and the greatest boon ever laid at the altar of suffering humanity.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.25.

Manufactured by Dr. Young & Bros., at Syracuse, N. Y.

For sale by all dealers in Medicine, in Bloomsburg, Pa.



ACTUAL CURE OF SCROFULA AND CONSUMPTION, BY THE

GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Geneva, N. Y., 1869

DR. YOUNG & BRO.—I desire to inform you that the marvelous effects of the Great Shoshonees Remedy in our family have been greater than any one could have expected. My daughter was afflicted with Scrofulous Consumption, and had an open Scrofulous Ulcer on the neck, she had a foul Cough, Pain in the Lung and severe Night Sweats. She expectorated much Mucous and Blood, had no appetite, and was greatly reduced, she was not able to get out, even to church for more than a year She was attended by physicians, and took cod Liver Oil for nearly two years, but still continued to sink, and the doctor at last stated that recovery was out of the question, and that all he could do was to relieve her sufferings; we fully expected her death, but were unwillingly induced to try a trial of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, and, the effects being so marked, we of course continued its use; she has taken six bottles, and the Ulcer on the neck, the Expectoration of Blood, the foul Cough, Debility, &c., have all disappeared, and strange to say she has actually quite recovered her former healthy.

My niece from Elmira is also taking the Remedy for Dyspepsia with good Results. The discovery of such a Remedy is what has been long needed.

With Gratitude Respects,
MRS. P. F. STALO.

MARK THE TESTIMONY OF THE REV. DR. RANKINE.

I am well acquainted with Mrs. Stalo, and her daughter, she has used the Shoshonees Remedy and can testify in the fullest manner to their high standing, and to the genuineness of their testimony. JAMES RANKINE,
Rector of St. Peter's Church, Geneva, N. Y.

All Druggists sell the Remedy at $1.25.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at THE COLUMBIAN Steam Printing Office.

Legal Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ELIAS BITNER, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Elias Bitner of Locust township, Columbia county, dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county, to Peter Swank of Locust twp. All persons having claims or demands against the deceased are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.

PETER SWANK,
Oct. 22,'69-6w. Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF RICHARD HALL, DEC'D.

In the Orphans Court of the county of Columbia. The Auditor appointed by the Court, to report distribution of the balance in the hands of Peter Ent, executor *de bonis non* of Richard Hall late of Orange Township, Columbia county, dec'd will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment on Wednesday, November 17th, 1869 at 2 o'clock P. M., at his office in Bloomsburg, in said county. All parties interested are requested to attend, or be debarred from coming in for a part of the said fund.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
Oct. 22,'69-4w. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF CLARA M'DOWELL, DEC'D.

In the Orphans Court of Columbia county, the Auditor appointed by the Court, to make distribution of the estate of said Clara M'Dowell, late of Scott township in the county of Columbia, dec'd, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment on Saturday the 13th day of November next, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Robert F. Clark in Bloomsburg, in said county. All parties interested are requested to attend, or be debarred from coming in for a part of the said fund.

JOSHUA H. COMLY,
Oct. 22,'69-4w. Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JOHN KILE, DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of John Kile, late of Sugarloaf township, Columbia county have been granted by the Register of Columbia County to Richard Kile of Sugarloaf twp. Columbia county Pa. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the Executor in Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, Pa. Those indebted to the estate either on note, judgment, mortgage or book account will make payment to the Executor without delay.

RICHARD KILE,
Oct. 22,'69-6w. Executor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF DANIEL G. ENT, DEC'D.

In the Orphans Court of Columbia county, the Auditor appointed by the court, to make distribution of the estate of said Daniel G. Ent late of Orange twp. in the county of Columbia, dec'd. will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment on Wednesday, November 17th, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., at my office in Bloomsburg, in said county. All parties interested are requested to make them known and those indebted to make payment, or be debarred from coming in for a part of the said fund.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
Oct. 22,'69-3w. Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JOHN GEGER, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of John Gieger late of Montour twp., Columbia Co. deceased, have been granted by the Register of Columbia county to S. H. Miller of Bloom township, Administrator *de bonis non, cum testamento annexo* thereto. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the deceased are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.

S. H. MILLER,
Administrator,
de bonis non, cum testamento annexo.
Nov. 5,'69-6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF WILLIAM MILNES, DECEASED.

In the Orphans Court of the county of Columbia. The Auditor appointed to distribute money in hands of sheriff, arising from sale of Heft's Distillery, &c., &c., hereby gives that the undersigned will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment on Thursday the 2d day of December 1869 at ten o'clock A. M. at his office in Bloomsburg, in said county. All parties interested are requested to attend, or be debarred from coming in for a part of the said fund.

C. W. MILLER,
Nov. 5,'69-4t. Auditor.

IN THE MATTER OF THE CATAWISSA MASONIC ASSOCIATION, AT CATAWISSA.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Take notice, that I. H. Sessholtz, George S. Gilbert, M. V. B. Kline, Walter Scott, W. B. Koons, J. B. Knittle, W. H. Abbott, C. Ellis, Isaac S. Monroe, John K. Robbins, John Thompson, and C. B. Brockway, being citizens of the State of Pennsylvania, being desirous of acquiring and enjoying the immunities and privileges of a body corporate, have exhibited and presented to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the proposed charter of the "Catawissa Masonic Association," located in the county of Catawissa, in the county of Columbia, specifying the objects, articles, conditions, name, style or title, under which they have associated and mean to associate. And the said Court having perused and examined the said instrument, and found the objects and conditions therein set forth and contained, to be lawful and not injurious to the community, have directed said writing to be filed in the Prothonotary's office of said County and notice to be given according to law, that application has been made to said Court to grant said charter, and that if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, by the first day of the next term of said Court, to wit, on the First Monday of December next they will decree and declare the persons so associated to become and be a corporation or body politic, according to the said articles and conditions, and to have continuance by the name, style or title, in said instrument mentioned.

JESSE COLEMAN,
Bloomsburg, Oct. 29,'69-3t. Prothy.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents, have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and under the law will be presented for absolute confirmation, to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on Monday, the 6th day of December, at two o'clock P. M., of said day, unless exceptions to such confirmations are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1. Widow of John Richards late of Pine twp. dec'd.
2. Widow of John Conner late of Benton twp. dec'd.
3. Widow of David Bohrbach late of Locust twp. dec'd.
4. Widow of Charles Hess late of Mifflin twp. dec'd.
5. Widow of Benoni Heft late of Madison twp. dec'd.
6. Widow of Edward Schick late of Catawissa twp. dec'd.
7. Widow of Elias Bitner late of Locust twp. dec'd.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
Nov. 5,'69-4t. Register.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—NOTICE IS hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented to confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court, to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 13th day of Dec., 1869, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

1. Account of T. J. Hutchison adm'r of Rev. Elijah B. Wilson late of Fishingcreek twp. dec'd.
2. First account of Moses Everitt, Esr. of James Everitt late of Orange twp. dec'd.
3. First account of Wm. S. Snyder and C. W. Snyder Ex'rs of Wm. Snyder late of Bloom twp. dec'd.
4. Account of Peter Ent adm'r with the will annexed of Abraham Kline, late of Orange twp. dec'd.
5. Account of R. B. Meneg's Guardian of Mary Bodine minor child of C. Bodine.
6. First and final account of Baltis Stirling adm'r of George W. Palmer late of Bloom twp. dec'd.
7. First and final account of J. S. Shuman adm'r of David W. Clark late of Montour twp. dec'd.
8. First and final account of Nehemiah Reese adm'r of Anna Reece of Hemlock twp. d c'd.
9. Account of Lewis Christopher adm'r of Geo. Unger late of Montour twp. dec'd.
10. First and partial account of Samuel Neyhart Executor of the estate of Phillip Solleig dec'd.
11. First and final account of Cyrus Reichard and Sylvester Reichard adm'rs of the Estate of Isaac Reichard dec'd.
12. First and partial and final account of David Albertson adm'r of John Albertson late of Greenwood twp. dec'd.
13. First and final account of Peter Brugler and James Brugler adm'rs of John Brugler late of Hemlock twp. dec'd.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
Nov. 5,'69-4t. Register.

Notices.

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE PREMISES of the subscriber, in Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, on or about the 20th of September, 1869, a RED HEIFER, with ear mark on right ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of as the law directs.

GEORGE MOORE.
Sugarloaf, Oct. 29, 1869-3t*

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE PREMISES of the subscriber, in Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, about the middle of September, 1869, a RED HEIFER, supposed to be two years old, marked with a notch on the top of the left ear, and a slit in the right ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law.

JOSHUA B. HESS.
Central, Oct. 29, 1869-3t

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE PREMISES of the subscriber, in Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, on or about the first of September, 1869, a RED STEER, yearling past, ear mark on right ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be sold according to law.

EZEKIEL COLE.
Sugarloaf, Oct. 29, 1869-3t*

SUBPŒNA IN DIVORCE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, No. 15 May Term, 1869.

MARY M'SHEARITY, by her next friend Jas. Barre, | Libel in Divorce
BERNARD M'SHEARITY,

To the above named respondent: You are hereby notified to be and appear in the subpœna and also subpœna in the above case having been returned one of each, you are hereby required to appear in Court on the first Monday of December, A. D. 1869, to answer the complaint in this case.

MORGAN AT MILLARD, Sheriff.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 29, 1869-3t.

COMMITTEE NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the last and final account of Andrew Fress as Committee of Stephen Wasp, a lunatic, is filed by James P. Fress one of the Administrators of the said Andrew Fress, now dec'd, in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, which account will be presented to the Court for confirmation &c., on Wednesday the 8th day of December next.

JESSE COLEMAN,
Nov. 5,'69-4w. Prothonotary.

Foundries.

SHARPLESS & HARMAN,

EAGLE FOUNDRY AND MANUFACTURING SHOP,

STOVES & PLOWS WHOLESALE & RETAIL

THE CELEBRATED MONTROSE IRON BEAM AND THE BUTTON WOODEN BEAM PLOWS.

Castings and Fire Brick for repairing Stoves. All kinds of brass or iron casting made to order upon short notice.

B. F. SHARPLESS & P. S. HARMAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa. Proprietors.
Mar. 19,'69-tf.

NEW FIRM,
NATIONAL IRON WORKS
BILLMYER & HENRIE.

The subscribers respectfully call the attention of the business community to their Works situated on the L. B. R. R. above the Depot.

BLOOMSBURG PA.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS AND IRON SMITHS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Engines, Boilers, Saw and Grist-Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers. They also make all kinds of Threshing Machines of the most approved patterns and the Celebrated Montrose Iron Beam Plows, Cook, Parlor, Barroom and Work-shop STOVES. Heaters and a full assortment of Fire bricks, and castings constantly on hand for repairing Stoves. Several different sizes and designs of Cellar Grates. They are also prepared to furnish Car Wheels and Axles for Mining purposes and General Mining castings. Iron and Brass castings for every description of job work. Agricultural Implements made and repaired. Particular attention given to the repairing of all kinds of Reapers; extra parts on hand.

June 1','69-tf.

ORANGEVILLE FOUNDRY,
MACHINE SHOP AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

The undersigned desires to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has rebuilt and enlarged his Foundry and Machine Shop, and removed all his business from Light Street to the above named place, (Orangeville), where, with his Foundry he will continue to manufacture Wheeler's Railway Chain Horse-Power and Thresher, (improved), Cornell's Patent,

THRESHING AND CLEANING MILL,

either overshot for Tread-Power or undershot with Lever-Power. He also manufactures to order and fits up all kinds of

MILL GEARING,

Circular Saw Mandrels, Patent Slides for Saw Mills, the latest improved Iron Beam Plows of different kinds Wooden Beam Plows, Double Corn Plows, and Plow Points of every description generally used throughout the county.

IRON KETTLES, BELLS

Cellar Grates,

FARMER'S COLUMN.

How to Make a Horse's Bed.

If the idea of a score of farmers touching the manner of a decent bed for a horse could be written out, doubtless the document would be a strange commentary upon stable management and grooming. The best material for making a bed for a horse confined in stall is short straw, chaff, saw dust or dry tan bark. If straw be long, it will pay to run it through the fodder cutter, that will cut it in lengths of three inches. Then, after removing all the droppings of the animals, let the litter, whatever it is, be spread even over the entire stall floor not less than three inches in depth. This will not fail to make a comfortable bed for a weary animal after he has finished his evening feeding.

When short machine straw is employed for bedding, the first thing, which will always be found of prime importance, is to remove the droppings from the tail. It may seem strange to many grooms that we insist so strenuously on the removal of the accumulations of the stall. But it is a practice with a great many farmers to clean their stalls once a week, and in many instances the part of the stall round about the hind feet of the animal is allowed to be filled with manure, and packed down six inches in depth. No animal can lie down with any kind of comfort while his bed is so uneven. Let the droppings be removed back beyond the feet of the horse every evening, if nothing more. Then, with a wooden-tined stable fork, shake the straw to pieces and scatter it evenly over the stall floor not less than one foot deep. There is nothing lost by using a large quantity of straw for bedding. On the contrary, much will be gained in two ways, viz: in the saving of valuable liquid manure by absorption, and in affording quiet rest for a horse after having performed hard service.

Most horses are exceedingly fastidious about their beds, and unless a comfortable and clean place has been prepared they will not lie down for several successive days. On the contrary, if the bed be made as directed, horses will lie down for many hours, when they would otherwise have continued to stand until their limbs were so swollen and weary that could not keep on their feet any longer. A horse is a very neat animal, and will not lie down on filth or on a cold floor unless he is exceedingly weary.

Wintering Sheep

Farmers keeping sheep ought to see that their quarters for winter are comfortable. Plenty of room should be provided, for sheep will not do well when crowded into close quarters. Their pens or sheds should be well ventilated. A covering of straw makes a first rate roofing. The floor should be well littered with straw once in three or four days, and as often cleaned. They should be fed regularly. Hay should be disposed in racks, easily reached while feeding, yet high enough to be clear of any contact with their feet on the ground. They should have oats, or whatever is given beside their hay, at regular hours. Much advantage is gained by regularity in all matters appertaining to the farm or farmyard. If farmers understood this fact, and put it more into practice than they do, they would be gainers by it. Sheep should not be fed too highly. More is lost by high feeding than is gained. An old uncle of mine, having had a long experience in sheep raising and keeping, used to say that one spoonful of oats a day was sufficient, and that sheep would do well enough on that allowance with plenty of hay. Salt should be given at least once a week.

Care should be taken in building pens or sheds, to make an entrance large enough. Sheep ought not to be crowded in going in or out. Many fine animals have been injured in that way, for sheep go in and out of their quarters, when feeding time comes, with a rush, and huddle close together. If the entrance is sufficiently large, there need be no danger of crowding. All weakly, scrawny lambs or sheep should be separated from those in good condition, and allowed an extra allowance to "catch up." Poor, scrawny sheep never stand much chance in a flock of fat, thrifty ones, as they are knocked around and seldom get their share of food.

I am glad to see that farmers are waking up to their interests, and getting sheep of improved breeds. The old-fashioned long and coarse-wooled kinds ought to give place to such as the Southdown, Cotswold or Merino. Not only is the yield of wool greater, but it is of superior quality and brings a much higher price.

THE PRODUCT OF ONE WEED.—A gentleman desiring to know what would be the influence of a single weed upon the agriculture of a field or garden selected a plant of purslane (pusley or pursley as called by some,) and carefully counted its number of pods. It was a rather large but not the largest sized plant from a rich spot of ground. The number of its seed pods was 4,613.

He then took fourteen of the pods, seven small ones, four medium, and three of the largest, and counted the seeds in them. The result gave us an average of ninety seeds to the pod. Thus in this single plant we have the enormous number of 415,170 seeds.

If these were spread over a plat of ground, and should all germinate, and a man should attempt to cut them with a hoe, and should average six plants at every blow, and make thirty strokes of his hoe per minute, it would take him thirty-eight hours and twenty-three minutes to cut them out.

Or if these weeds were equally disseminated, at the rate of four to the square foot, they would cover two and a third acres of ground.

Do not these figures show the immense importance of cutting and destroying every weed before it goes to seed?

There is no doubt that other weeds are fully as or more prolific than this. It has been know in wet weather to grow and mature its seed long after it had been entirely severed from the root.

FRUIT TREES, VINES, &c.—The *Sunbury American* warns the citizens of that place to be cautious in making contracts for fruit trees, grape vines, &c. The editor states that a large number of fruit trees, &c. have been recently distributed in that place, some of which are in bad condition, besides the prices paid are enormous. This is timely caution, and our citizens should bear it in mind, as we have known several of them to be victimized by these fruit tree pedlars. If you want good fruit trees call on our neighbor John Best, over the river, and do not depend on these wandering Yankees from York State.

THE YOUNG FOLKS.

The Bear and the Skrattel.

"My wife and I bore such a lodger as long as we could, but at length we were fairly beaten; and as he seemed to have taken up his abode in the house, we thought it best to give up to him what he wanted: and the little rascal knew what we were about when we were moving, and seemed afraid we should not go soon enough. So he helped us off; for on the morning we were to start as we were going to put our goods upon the wagon, there it stood before the door ready loaded: and when we started we heard a loud laugh; and a little sharp voice cried out of the window, 'Good-by, neighbors!' So now he has our old house all to himself to play his gambols in, whenever he likes to sleep within doors; and we have built ourselves a snug cottage on the other side of the hill, where we live as well as we can, though we have no great room to make merry in. Now if you, and your ugly friend there, like to run the hazard of taking up your quarters in the elf's house, pray do! Yonder is the road. He may not be at home to-night."

"We will try our luck," said Gunter, "anything is better to my mind than sleeping out of doors such a night as this. Your troublesome neighbor will perhaps think so too, and we may have to fight for our lodging; but never mind, Bruin is rather an awkward hand to quarrel with; and the goblin may perhaps find a worse welcome from him than your house-dog could give him. He will at any rate let him know what a bear's hug is; for I dare say he has not been far enough north to know much about it yet."

Then the woodman gave Gunter a fagot to make his fire with, and wished him a good night. He and the bear soon found their way to the deserted house; and no one being at home, they walked into the kitchen and made a capital fire.

"Lack-a-day!" said the Norseman; "I forgot one thing—I ought to have asked that good man for some supper; I have nothing left but some dry bread. However, this is better than sleeping in the woods: we must make the most of what we have, keep ourselves warm, and get to bed as soon as we can." So after eating up all their crusts, and drinking some water from the well close by, the huntsman wrapped himself up close in his cloak, and lay down in the snuggest corner he could find. Bruin rolled himself up in the corner of the wide fire-place; and both were fast asleep, the fire out, and everything quiet within doors, long before midnight.

Just as the clock struck twelve the storm began to get louder—the wind blew—a slight noise within the room wakened the huntsman, and all on a sudden in popped a little ugly skrattle, scarce three spans high; with a hump on his back, a face like a dried pippin, a nose like a ripe mulberry, and an eye that had lost its neighbor. He had high-heeled shoes, and a pointed red cap; and came dragging after him a nice fat kid, ready skinned, and fit for roasting. "A rough night this," grumbled the goblin to himself; "but, thanks to that booby woodman, I've a house to myself: and now for a hot supper and a glass of good ale till the cock crows."

No sooner said than done: the skrattle busied himself about, here and there, presently the fire blazed up, the kid was put on the spit and turned merrily round. A keg of ale made its appearance from a closet: the cloth was laid, and the kid was soon dished up for eating. Then the little imp, in the joy of his heart, rubbed his hands, tossed up his red cap, danced before the hearth, and sang his song:—

"Oh! 'tis weary enough abroad to hide,
In the shivery midnight blast;
And 'tis dreary enough to ride,
Hungry and cold,
On the wintry wold,
Where the drifting snow falls fast,

But 'tis cheery enough to revel by night,
In the crackling fagot's light;
'Tis merry enough to have and to hold
The savoury roast,
And the nut-brown toast,
With jolly good ale and old."

The huntsman lay snug all this time; sometimes quaking, in dread of getting into trouble, and sometimes licking his lips at the savoury supper before him, and half in the mind to fight for it with the imp. However, he kept himself quiet in his corner; till all of a sudden the little man's eye wandered from his cheering ale-cup to Bruin's carcase, as he lay rolled up like a ball, fast asleep in the chimney-corner.

The imp turned round sharp in an instant, and crept softly nearer and nearer to where Bruin lay, looked at him very closely, and not able to make out what in the world he was. "One of the family, I suppose!" said he to himself. But just then Bruin gave his ears a shake, and showed a little of his shaggy muzzle. "Oh ho!" said the imp, "that's all, is it? But what a large one! Where could he come from? and how came he here? What shall I do? Shall I let him alone or drive him out? Perhaps he may do me some mischief, and I am not afraid of mice or rats. So here goes! I have driven all the rest of the live stock out of the house, and why should I be afraid of sending this brute after them?"

With this the elf walked softly to the corner of the room, and taking up the spit, stole back on tip-toe till he got quite close to the bear; then raising up his weapon, down came a rattling thump across Bruin's mazzard, that sounded as hollow as a drum. The bear raised himself slowly up, snorted, shook his head, then scratched it,—opened first one eye, then the other, took a turn across the room, and grinned at his enemy; who, somewhat alarmed, ran back a few paces, and stood with the spit in his hand, foreseeing a rough attack. And it soon came; for the bear, rearing himself up, walked leisurely forward, and putting out one of his paws caught hold of the spit, jerked it out of the goblin's hand, and sent it spinning to the other end of the kitchen.

And now began a fierce battle. This way and that way flew tables and chairs pots and pans. The elf was one moment on the bear's back, lugging his ears and pommelling him with blows that might have felled an ox. In the next, the bear would throw him up in the air, and treat him as he came down with a hug that would make the little imp squall. Then up he would jump upon one of the beams, out of Bruin's reach; and soon, watching his chance would be down astride upon his back.

(Continued.)

DRY GOODS.

November and Dec. Prices

AT

I. W. HARTMAN'S,

FOR SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

25 ct.	LAWNS AT	22 cts.
45 ct.	LAWNS AT	40 cts.
55 ct.	LAWNS AT	50 cts.
$1,25	DRESS GOODS AT	$1,10
$1,00	DRESS GOODS AT	90 cts.
55 ct.	DRESS GOODS AT	48 cts.
40 ct.	DRESS GOODS AT	35 cts.
35 ct.	DRESS GOODS AT	30 cts.
25 ct.	DRESS GOODS AT	22 cts.
20 ct.	DRESS GOODS AT	18 cts.

TERMS CASH OR PRODUCE.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY
OF
DRESS GOODS,
AT THE NEW
STORE, BROWER'S BUILDING,

The splendid rooms of J. J. BROWER, are completed and now open to the public with the
FINEST STOCK
ever offered in Bloomsburg. All the
NEWEST STYLES
of Dress Goods, Silks, Cloths, Cassimers, Linens, Flannels &c,
CARPETS
of every style and for all prices. Oil Cloths in great variety.
A full line of
SUPERIOR GROCERIES
Coffees, Teas, Sugars, Spices,
warranted pure and good.
GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,
in carefully assorted variety.
GLOVES, HOSIERY,
HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS AND A COMPLETE assortment of
WHITE GOODS,
The public are earnestly invited to examine these fine goods, before purchasing elsewhere and are guaranteed satisfaction. No expense or trouble has been spared to make
THE MOST COMPLETE
establishment in this section of the State.
J. J. BROWER,
May 7,'69-tf Bloomsburg Pa.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
DAVID LOWENBERG
invites attention to his stock of
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.
at his store on
Main Street, two doors above the American House
Bloomsburg, Pa.,
where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome
DRESS GOODS,
consisting of
BOX, SACK, ROCC, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,
of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of
FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS'
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES
He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of
CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,
which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.
GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of
CLOTHING, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.
DAVID LOWENBERG.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,

Bloomsburg, Pa.
M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER
the successors of
WILLIAM SLOAN & SON
continue the business of making
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
and every style of
FANCY WAGONS,
which they have constantly on hand to suit all customers. Never using any material but the best and employing the most experienced workmen they hope to continue as heretofore to give entire satisfaction to every customer. An inspection of their work, and of the reasonable price asked for he same, is sure to insure a sale.
May 5,'69-tf

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

THE CELEBRATED AMERICAN
COMBINATION, BUTTON HOLE, OVERSEAMING, AND SEWING MACHINE.

The first and only Button-Hole and Sewing Machine combined in the world that can do all kinds of Sewing needed in the family, from the coarsest cloth to the finest fabric. It will work beautiful Button Holes, Eyelet Holes, Embroider over the edge, do "Overseaming" as by hand. Also all kinds of stitching, Hemming, Felling, Cording, Braiding, Binding, Ruffling, Tucking, Gather and Sew on at the same time. This is certainly far in advance of All Others.

IT HAS NO EQUAL;

it is also the cheapest intrinsically as well as the best, since it is really two Machines combined in one (by a simple and beautiful mechanical arrangement never before accomplished by human ingenuity) making either Lock Stitch, or Button Hole Stitch, as occasion may require. It is at the same time, a maple in construction, comparatively noiseless, easily understood, and in a word combines with these *advantages certainly its own, the most desirable qualities of all others.*

We have also FOR SALE the "Plain American," a beautiful family Machine at a Reduced Price. This Machine does all that is done on the "Combination" except Button Holes and Overseaming work. Ladies and Gentlemen, we desire all to call and see this great novelty of the age, now on exhibition and for sale at the old Post Office, cor. Main and Market Streets. Don't listen to other Agents who are in the habit of condemning all machines but what they represent but come and examine the Machine and its work that is judge for yourselves.
MISSES RAMBO & LAKE, Agents.
for Luzerne, Columbia, Northumberland and Schuylkill counties. AGENTS WANTED.
Oct. 23,'69-1f.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at THE COLUMBIAN Steam Printing Office.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a
HAIR DRESSING,
nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them a pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels decidedly well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Feb. 5, 1869.

Insurance Agencies.

GLOBE MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF
NEW YORK.

Pliny Freeman, President, H. C. Freeman, Sec
Cash capital over $2,000,000, all paid.

J. B. ROBISON, BLOOMSBURG, PA
GENERAL AGENT,
For Luzerne, Lycoming and Columbia county
Aug. 20,'69-1y.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$170,000
Ætna	4,000,000
Fulton	300,000
North America	900,000
City	450,000
International	1,400,000
Niagara	1,000,000
Putnam	500,000
Merchants	300,000
Springfield	570,000
Farmers' Danville	500,000
Albany City	400,000
Lancaster City	270,000
York Horse, Death & Theft	65,000
Home, New Haven	1,000,000
Danville, Horse Theft	

FREAS BROWN, *Agent,*
mar5,'69-1y. BLOOMSBURG, PA

Wall Paper and Painting.

IMPORTANT
TO BUILDERS, HOUSEHOLDERS & TENANTS.

The undersigned would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he is prepared to execute
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING
in all its branches.
PAPER HANGING
Carefully attended to.
Strict attention to business and good workmanship it is believed will merit their share of public patronage.
Shop on Catharine Street between Third and Fourth.
Mar.5,'69-1y. WM. F. BODINE.

1869 PHILADELPHIA 1869.
WALL PAPERS.
HOWELL & ROURKE,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Paper Hangings and Window shades, Sales Rooms, Corner Fourth and Market Streets, Philadelphia.
FACTORY, 1326, TWENTY-THIRD AND SANSOM STS
NEW STYLES EVERY DAY, OF OUR OWN MAKE.
Oct. 15,'69 3m.

THE ESPY HOTEL.

ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the stove named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the markets affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.
WILLIAM PETTIT,
Apr.23,69-1f Espy, Pa.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have entered into co-partnership as Founders and Machinists, at the National Foundry heretofore occupied by Peter Billmyer.
PETER BILLMYER
GEORGE V. HESSER.
The books of the late firm will be settled by E. R. Ikler, to whom all persons indebted should apply.
Bloomsburg June 11,'69-tf.

COLUMBIA IRON WORKS,
N. W. SAMPLE & CO.,
Corner of Main Street and L. & B. Rail Road,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
MACHINISTS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS;
BLACKSMITHS AND BOILER MAKERS.
MANUFACTURERS OF
STEAM ENGINES & WATER WHEELS,
GENERAL MACHINE WORK AND REPAIRS.
MILL GEARING, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HEAD BLOCKS.
SAW MILL GEARING OF ALL KINDS,
CASTINGS FOR FURNACES AND ROLLING MILLS.
ALSO CAR WHEELS AND AXLES AND GENERAL MINING CASTINGS.
BRASS CASTINGS OF ALL KINDS,
CAR BOXES, COMPOSITION CASTINGS, AND BABBIT METAL
BELFIELD'S CELEBRATED GLOBE VALVES,
STOP COCKS, CHECK VALVES, AIR COCKS, OIL CUPS, STEAM WHISTLES,
STEAM GUAGES, STEAM PIPE AND FITTINGS
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Agents and sole Manufacturers of Hall's Patcn Double Discharge Turbine Wheels.
BLACKSMITHING,
HEAVY OR LIGHT FORGINGS,
AGENTS FOR SHIVE'S GOVERNOR,
ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE SIMPLEST AND BEST IN THE WORLD.
REAMERS, TAPS AND DIES, MADE TO ORDER.
BOLTS AND NUTS OF ALL SIZES.
ORDERS FOR BRIDGE BOLTS AND IRONS SOLICITED,
AND ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
OF THE LATEST IMPROVED PATTERNS.
THRESHING MACHINES, A SPECIALTY.
BUCKEYE REAPERS REPAIRED,
AND ALL EXTRA PARTS FURNISHED.
MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS OF
HORTON'S PATENT HAY RAKE.
ALL ORDERS EXECUTED WITH PROMPTNESS AND SATISFACTION GIVEN
OR MONEY REFUNDED.
May 7,'69-1f

H. C. HOWER,
has opened a first-class
BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE,
at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stoga boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stoga shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys's and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco Balmorals and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.
He would also call attention to his fine assortment of
HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS,
which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found nat any other place in the county.
c. 6'67

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER.

W. M. MONROE & CO.,
Rupert, Pa.,
Manufacturers of
POWDER KEGS,
and dealers in all kinds of
LUMBER,
give notice that they are prepared to accomodate their custom with dispatch, and on the cheapest terms.

NEW COAL YARD.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and Columbia county, that they keep all the different numbers of stove coal and selected lump coal for smithing purposes, on their wharf, adjoining M'Kelvy, Neal & Co's Furnace; with a good pair of Buffalo scales on the wharf, to weigh coal, hay, and straw. Likewise a horse and wagon, to deliver coal to those who desire it. As they purchase a large amount of coal, they intend to keep a superior article, and sell at the very lowest prices. Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.
J. W. HENDERSHOT,
AUGUSTUS MASON.

THE undersigned will take in exchange for Coal and Groceries, the following named articles:—Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Lard, Ham, Shoulder and side meat, Butter, Eggs, Hay, &c., at the highest cash prices, at his Grocery Store, adjoining their coal yard,
J. W. HENDERSHOT.
Bloomsburg Mar. 19,'69-1y.

FLOUR AND FEED.

The undersigned thankful for past patronage begs to announce to his friends and to the public that his
NEW MILL
is now in complete running order, and that he is prepared to do all kinds of Milling without delay. Parties from a distance can have their grists ground without delay, so as to take them home the same day, and as a rule all work brought to the mill can be done in twenty-four hours. My present arrangements are such as to preclude the necessity of stopping the mill on account of ice, high or low water.
THE BEST FAMILY FLOUR.
as well as the lower grades, and all kinds of
CHOP AND FEED
kept on hand in quantity, and for sale at the lowest current rates. Grists of all kinds purchased.
Light Street, Dec. 4,'68-1f. PETER ENT.

DENTISTRY.

H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved Porcelain TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan.31,'6811

SLATE ROOFING,
EVERY VARIETY
AT
MOST FAVORABLE RATES,
JOHN THOMAS, AND CASPER J. THOMAS'
Box. 27. Bloomsburg, Pa.
Mar.19,69-1yr.

20,000 AGENTS WANTED.—A sample sent free, with terms for any one to clear $25 daily, in three hours business entirely new, light and desirable. Can be done at home or travelling, by both male and female. No gift enterprise or humbug. Address
W. H. CHILESTER,
oct2'69-1m. 707 Broadway, New York.

JOB PRINTING IN COLORS, Neatly executed at this office.

GROCERIES, &c.,

GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
consisting of
consisting of
consisting of
consisting of
consisting of
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS
DRY GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
READY-MADE CLOTHING.
LOOKING-GLASSES,
LOOKING-GLASSES,
LOOKING-GLASSES,
LOOKING-GLASSES,
LOOKING-GLASSES,
NOTIONS,
NOTIONS,
NOTIONS,
NOTIONS,
NOTIONS,
PAINTS AND OILS,
PAINTS AND OILS,
PAINTS AND OILS,
PAINTS AND OILS,
PAINTS AND OILS,
GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
QUEENSWARE
HARDWARE,
HARDWARE,
HARDWARE,
HARDWARE,
HARDWARE,
TINWARE,
TINWARE,
TINWARE,
TINWARE,
TINWARE,
SALT,
SALT
SALT
SALT,
SALT,
FISH,
FISH,
FISH,
FITH
FISH,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
&c., &c. &c.,
AT
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S.
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
in large quantities and at reduced rates, always on hand.

Hardware & Cutlery.

THE NEW HARDWARE STORE.
NE PLUS ULTRA.
Having enlarged our Store Room and just OPENED A NEW SUPPLY,
directly from the Manufacturers, purchased for cash, on a declining market, we are prepared to offer the same to
FARMERS, MECHANICS, BUILDERS,
and the rest of Mankind, a general stock, comprising all the kinds and qualities usually kept in a city Hard Ware Store, suitable to the wants of the county, at unusually low prices.
All those who are desirious of purchasing goods in our line can save Money by looking in at the New Hardware Store.
Please give us a call and examine our stock &c.
BUNYAN & WARDEN.
Apr. 23,69-1yr Bloomsburg, Pa.

JACOB K. SMITH. C. R. SELTZER
SMITH & SELTZER,
Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,
GUNS, CUTLERY, &C.,
NO. 409 N. THIRD STREET, AB. CALLOWHILL,
PHILADELPHIA.
Nov. 22, 67-1f.

Guano and Phosphate.

BAUGH'S
RAW BONE
SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

STANDARD WARRANTED.

We offer to Farmers, the present fall season, BAUGH'S RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME as being highly improved.
Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate is, as its name implies, prepared by dissolving Raw Bones in Oil of Vitriol—that is, Bones that have not been deprived of their organic matter—the grease and glue—by burning or boiling. It, therefore, presents to the use of the Farmer *all* the valuable properties of Raw Bones in a highly concentrated form—rendering it at once quick in action and very permanent.
☞ Farmers are recommended to purchase of the dealer located in their neighborhood. In sections where any dealer is yet established, the Phosphate may be procured directly from the undersigned.
BAUGH & SONS, Manufacturers,
Office, No. 20 S. Delaware Ave., Philadelphia.
Aug. 6,'68-3m.

TO MANUFACTURERS.

Rights to use "ALLEN'S PATENTANTI-LAMINA" will be issued on application to the undersigned. It is a
SURE PREVENTIVE OF SCALE IN STEAM BOILERS.
The article will be furnished at SIX DOLLARS per Can, or we will sell rights to make and use the same for
TEN DOLLARS PER ANNUM FOR EACH BOILER.
The materials for making the "Anti-Lamina" will be supplied by us, if desired, at low prices. Rights for counties, States or other Territory for sale at fair rates.
ALLEN & NEEDLES,
Dealers in Oils,
No. 42 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.
Circulars will be sent on application.
sep21'69-3m.

WE CONTINUE
To Manufacture our well-known Manures, *Super Phosphate of Lime* and *Ammoniated Fertilizer,* and also have for sale
PERUVIAN GUANO,
No. 1 Genuine Government,
Fish Guano, Land Plaster and Hydraulic Cement together with a complete assortment of Burning and Grinding Oils, at fair market rates.
Super-Phosphate of Lime, - - - $30 per 2000 lbs.
Ammoniated Fertilizer, - - - $40 do.
A DISCOUNT TO DEALERS.
ALLEN & NEEDLES,
42 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.
ESTABLISHED IN 1848.
For Sale by the Bloomsburg Iron Company.
Aug. 13,'69-3m

Sewing Mschines

GROVER & BAKER'S

FIRST PREMIUM

ELASTIC STITCH

FAMILY

SEWING MACHINES

495 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

730 Chestnut Street Philadelphia.

POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.

Beauty and Elasticity of stitch.
Perfection and Simplicity of Machine.
Using both threads directly from the spool.
No fastening of seams by hand necessary of thread.
Wide range of application without adjustment.
The seam retains its beauty and elasticity after washing and ironing.
Besides doing all kinds of work done by other Sewing Machines, these Machines execute the most beautiful and permanent fancy and ornamental work.

☞ The Highest Premiums at all the Great Exhibitions of the United States and Europe have been awarded the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, and the work done by them was exhibited in competition,

☞ The very highest prize, THE GOLD MEDAL OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, was conferred upon the representative of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, at the Exposition Universelle of 1867, thus attesting their great superiority over all other Sewing Machines.

FOR SALE BY
J. A. DORAN
BLOOMSBURG PA.
June 25,'69-1y

THE NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINE
294 Bowery. EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.

The extraordinary success of this new and improved manufacturing Machine, for heavy work, has induced the
EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
to manufacture a New Family Machine of the same style and construction, with such ornamentation, making it equal in appearance to any Family Machine in use, and with all the usefulness of other Family Machines.
OUTSTRIPS ALL COMPETITORS.
The price of this acknowledged superior article comes within reach of every family. The Company is prepared to offer such inducements to any one to act as agent, dealer or canvasser. Every Machine warranted.
Apply for circulars and samples at the
EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE OFFICE,
No. 294 Bowery.
Oct. 15,'69-3m.

Miscellaneous

BLOOMSBURG NORMAL SCHOOL AND LITERARY INSTITUTE.
BOARD OF INSTRUCTORS.
HENRY CARVER, A. M., Principal,
Professor of Intellectual and Moral Philosophy, Theory and Practice of Teaching.
Miss Sarah A. Carver, Preceptress,
Teacher of French, Botany and Natural Sciences.
Isaac O. Best, A. B.,
Professor of Ancient Languages and Grammar.
J. W. Ferree, A. M.,
Professor of Mathematics, Astronomy and Ironology.
Rev. D. C. John, A. M.,
Professor of Chemistry and Geology.
F. M. Bates,
Teacher of Geography, History and Book-Keeping.
James Brown,
Assistant teacher of Mathematics and Grammar.
Miss Alice M. Carver,
Teacher of Music on the Piano-Forte.
Mrs. Hattie L. Best,
Teacher of Vocal Music and Instrumental.
Miss Julia M. Gibbons,
Teacher of Modern Languages.
The FALL term will commence on Monday, August 30th, and until our boarding hall is ready for occupancy, on application to the Principal, rooms will be furnished with boards in private families.
It is better for students to commence with the beginning of the term, but will be received at any time.
March 20 1868.

$10. WATCHES

The Great Trade Improvement Company (Incorporated by the State) will sell Solid Silver Watches at $10 each.
10,000 Engravings, fully illustrating and describing all our Watches, are published in the Velopex, which are sent free to any one who will send a request for the same. Those who have ordered are misled, pay $5 and upwards for prices!—Simply Engraving, with a beautiful rich premium, $5. Twenty-five styles of Silver Hunting watch as premiums. Every watch engraving entitles the holder to a premium worth from $25 to $250. Watches sold for $10. Nothing can be lost by trying. There is no article in our stock that is worth more money asked, while the best watch worth $750. Circulars free. Send at once before hastily condemning this.
MICHELIN & CO.,
236 Broadway, Cor. Fulton St., N. Y